BETCK105A

First Schester B.E./B.Tcch. Degree Examination, June/July 2025 Smart Materials and Systems

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

a.				C
	Explain the concept of honeycomb structures and discuss their applications in acrospace, automotive and construction industries.	10	L3	CO
b.	What are carbon composites and how are they different from traditional materials like metals.	10	I.2	COI
	OR		<u> </u>	
. a.	Describe the role of nano materials in improving the performance of construction materials. Give examples.	10	Τ.2	COI
b.	Explain what flash GGBS is and its use as a byproduct in construction industry.	10	L3	COI
	Module – 2			1
a.	Define prefabricated building components. How do these components differ from traditional methods?	10	L1	 _CO2
Ъ.	Identify and explain at least three types of prefabricated building components.	10	L4	CO2
,	OR			<u> </u>
'а. 	What is modular coordination and how does standardization benefit the production and construction of prefabricated components.	10	_L4	CO2
b.	Discuss the challenges and advantages associated with transportation and installation of prefabricated building components.	10	L2	CO2
'	Module – 3		_	
а.	Define smart materials and explain how they respond to external stimuli such as temperature, pressure or electric fields.	10	L1	CO3
h.	Explain the principles of piezoelectricity. How do piezoelectric materials generate electrical charge when subjected to mechanical stress?	10 †	L4	CO3
:	OR			'
a.	Describe the function of a piczoelectric sensor, strain gauge and accelerometer. How are these sensors, used in monitoring and measuring physical quantities?	10	L3	C03
b.	What are smart composites and how do they integrate smart materials to enhance the performance of traditional composite materials?	10	L3	CO3
	a. b. a. h.	b. What are carbon composites and how are they different from traditional materials like metals. OR Describe the role of nano materials in improving the performance of construction materials. Give examples. b. Explain what flash GGBS is and its use as a byproduct in construction industry. Module - 2 a. Define prefabricated building components. How do these components differ from traditional methods? b. Identify and explain at least three types of prefabricated building components. OR a. What is modular coordination and how does standardization benefit the production and construction of prefabricated components. b. Discuss the challenges and advantages associated with transportation and installation of prefabricated building components. Module - 3 a. Define smart materials and explain how they respond to external stimuli such as temperature, pressure or electric fields. b. Explain the principles of piezoelectricity. How do piezoelectric materials generate electrical charge when subjected to mechanical stress? OR a. Describe the function of a piezoelectric sensor, strain gauge and accelerometer. How are these sensors, used in monitoring and measuring physical quantities? b. What are smart composites and how do they integrate smart materials to	b. What are carbon composites and how are they different from traditional materials like metals. OR a. Describe the role of nano materials in improving the performance of construction materials. Give examples. b. Explain what flash GGBS is and its use as a byproduct in construction 10 industry. Module - 2 a. Define prefabricated building components. How do these components 10 differ from traditional methods? b. Identify and explain at least three types of prefabricated building 10 components. OR a. What is modular coordination and how does standardization benefit the production and construction of prefabricated components. b. Discuss the challenges and advantages associated with transportation and installation of prefabricated building components. Module - 3 a. Define smart materials and explain how they respond to external stimuli such as temperature, pressure or electric fields. b. Explain the principles of piezoelectricity. How do piezoelectric materials generate electrical charge when subjected to mechanical stress? OR a. Describe the function of a piezoelectric sensor, strain gauge and accelerometer. How are these sensors, used in monitoring and measuring physical quantities? b. What are smart composites and how do they integrate smart materials to 10	b. What are carbon composites and how are they different from traditional materials like metals. OR Describe the role of nano materials in improving the performance of construction materials. Give examples. b. Explain what flash GGBS is and its use as a byproduct in construction industry. Module - 2 a. Define prefabricated building components. How do these components differ from traditional methods? b. Identify and explain at least three types of prefabricated building to components. OR a. What is modular coordination and how does standardization benefit the production and construction of prefabricated components. Discuss the challenges and advantages associated with transportation and to 10 L2 installation of prefabricated building components. Module - 3 a. Define smart materials and explain how they respond to external stimuli such as temperature, pressure or electric fields. b. Explain the principles of piezoelectricity. How do piezoelectric materials generate electrical charge when subjected to mechanical stress? OR a. Describe the function of a piezoelectric sensor, strain gauge and accelerometer. How are these sensors, used in monitoring and measuring physical quantities? b. What are smart composites and how do they integrate smart materials to 10 L3

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		Module – 4			
Q.7	a.	Define BIM and explain its necessity in modern construction projects.	10	L1	CO4
	[]] b.	Discuss the advantages of using BIM in building design and infrastructure design.	10	L4	CO4
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Q.8	a.	What is an IBMS? Explain its role in managing various building functions.	10	L3	CO4
	b.	Identify and explain at least two types of IBMS. Discuss their advantages.	10	L1	CO4
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Q.9	я,	Explain the importance of 3D printing in modern manufacturing and design. Briefly describe its historic development.	10	Ľ3	CO5
	b.	Discuss the key advantages of 3D printing over traditional manufacturing methods.	10	I.4	COS
	١	OR	L !		
Q.10	a.	Outline the steps involved in the 3D printing chain, from 3D modelling to post-processing.	10	L2	CO5
	b.	Identify and describe at least two applications of 3D printing in different industries.	10	L1	C05