

18EC43

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2025 Control Systems

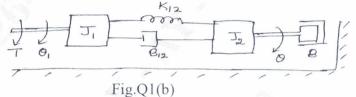
Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Differentiate between open loop and closed loop control system. Give one example for each.
 (06 Marks)
 - b. For the mechanical rotational system shown in Fig.Q1(b), find the transfer function $\frac{\theta(s)}{T(s)}$.



c. For the mechanical translational system shown in Fig.Q1(c), draw the F-V analogous circuit

and verify by writing mesh equations. R_{23} R_{3} R_{4} R_{23} R_{23} R_{3} R_{4} R_{5} R_{1} R_{1} R_{23} R_{3} R_{4} R_{5} R_{5} R_{1} R_{1} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} R_{5} $R_{$

OR

2 a. For the electrical network shown in Fig.Q2(a), find the transfer function $\frac{V_0(s)}{V_i(s)}$. Assume $C_1=1~\mu F,~C_2=0.5~\mu F,~R_1=R_2=1~M\Omega$ and gain of Buffer amplifier as 1.

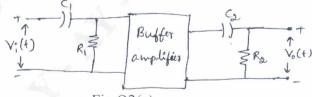
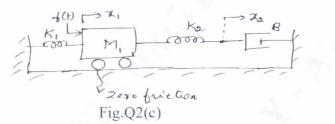


Fig.Q2(a) (06 Marks)

b. Write the differential equations governing the mechanical rotational system shown in Fig.Q2(b). Draw the torque-current electrical analogous circuit and verify by writing node equations.

(06 Marks)

c. For the mechanical translational system shown in Fig.Q2(c), find the transfer function $\frac{X_2(s)}{F(s)}$.



Module-2

3 a. For the block diagram shown in Fig.Q3(a), find the closed loop transfer function $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ using block diagram reduction method.

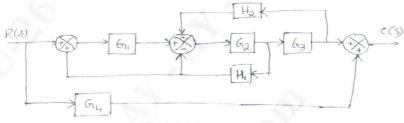
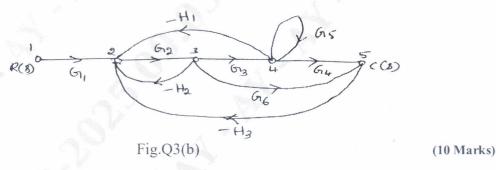


Fig.Q3(a)

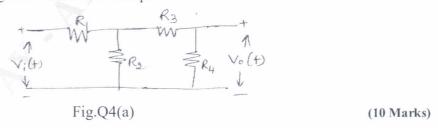
(10 Marks)

b. For the signal flow graph shown in Fig.Q3(b), find the overall gain $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ using Mason's gain formula.

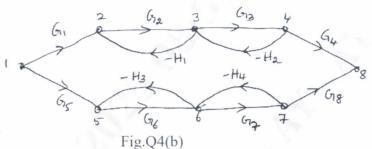


OR

4 a. Draw the block diagram for the electrical network shown in Fig.Q4(a). Also find the transfer function using block diagram reduction technique.



b. For the signal flow graph shown in Fig.Q4(b), find the transfer function $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ using Mason's gain formula.



(10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Derive an expression for response of a critically damped system when excited by unit step input. (06 Marks)
 - b. A unity feedback system has the forward transfer function $G(s) = \frac{K(2s+1)}{s(5s+1)(1+s)^2}$ when the input is r(t) = 1 + 6t, determine the minimum value of K so that the steady state error is less than 0.1.
 - c. The unity feedback system is characterized by an open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+10)}$. Determine the gain K, so that the system will have a damping ratio of 0.5 for the value of K. Determine settling time, peak time and peak overshoot for a unit step input. (07 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. What is rise time? Derive the expression for rise time when excited by unit step input.

 (06 Marks)
 - b. For the system shown in Fig.Q6(b), determine the values of K and K_n so that the maximum overshoot is 0.2 and peak time is 1 sec for unit step response. With these values of K and K_n , find time domain specifications.



Fig.Q6(b) (07 Marks)

c. What are controllers? Explain PI, PID, PD controllers.

(07 Marks)

Module-4

- a. A unity feedback system has $G(s) = \frac{K(s+13)}{s(s+3)(s+7)}$ using Routh's criteria, calculate the range of K for which the system is (i) stable (ii) has poles located more negative than -1. (08 Marks)
 - b. A feedback control system has open loop transfer function $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)(s^2+4s+20)}$.

 Plot the root locus. (12 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. A feedback control system has the characteristic equation of F(s) = s⁴ + 2s² + 1 = 0. Determine (i) number of roots in left half of S-plane (ii) No. of roots in right half of 8-plane (iii) No. of roots on imaginary axis. (10 Marks)
 - b. For the following transfer function, draw the Bode plot and hence find
 - (i) Gain margin
- (ii) Phase margin
- (iii) Gain cross over frequency
- (iv) Phase crossover frequency

$$G(s) = \frac{20}{s(1+3s)(1+4s)}$$
 (10 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s(1+s)(1+2s)}$$

Draw the polar plot and determine the gain margin and phase margin.

(14 Marks)

b. Explain (i) lag (ii) lead and (iii) lag-lead compensating networks.

(06 Marks)

OR

10 a. Obtain the state model for the electrical network shown in Fig.Q10(a).

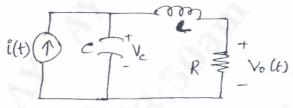


Fig.Q10(a)

(06 Marks)

b. Consider a system having state model

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{x}}_1 \\ \dot{\mathbf{x}}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1 \\ \mathbf{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{t}) \qquad \mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1 \\ \mathbf{x}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Obtain its transfer function.

(06 Marks)

c. Obtain the time response of the following system

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{x}}_1 \\ \dot{\mathbf{x}}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1 \\ \mathbf{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{t})$$

Where u(t) is a unit step occurring at t = 0 and X(0) = $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(08 Marks)

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