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Reg. No.

I Semester B.Sc./B.C.A/B.Sc (FAD)/ B.V.A Degree Examination, January/February - 2025 GENERIC ENGLISH

Language - I (Imprints - I/Lingua Franca - I)
(NEP Scheme Freshers and Repeaters 2021 Onwards)

Time: 21/2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions to Candidates:

- 1. Read all the instructions carefully and answer the questions.
- 2. Write the question number correctly.

SECTION-A

(WORKBOOK)

I. Read the following passage and answer the questions set on it:

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

Where does chocolate come from? Believe it or not, it grows on trees. Not as a sweet chocolate candy bar wrapped in foil, but as a cocoa bean.

Cocoa beans grow on a cacao tree, found mostly in tropical area such as Central Africa. The fruit of these trees are called pods, which are long and hard. Inside the pods, a soft, white pulp surrounds about thirty seeds. These seeds are what we call cocoa beans. They are very hard and bitter. The beans are taken out of the pods, still covered in the white pulp, and left in a bucket, often covered with banana leaves, and kept aside for a few days and sometimes even several weeks. This process is called fermenting. Then, they are dried in the sun fermenting and drying the beans makes them less bitter. Soon after, they are shipped to a chocolate factory.

At the factory, the beans are roasted in ovens to bring out their flavour. After removing the outer covering, the inner bean is crushed to form a paste known as 'chocolate liquor'.

To make chocolate, other ingredients such as milk, sugar and cocoa butter are added to this paste. It is then mixed and heated several times. It may even have fruits and nuts added to it, before it is moulded into a shape.

When we consider all that must happen to turn a bitter cocoa bean into a chocolate bar, spending a few rupees seems like a small price to pay for such a delicious sweet treat!

[P.T.O.

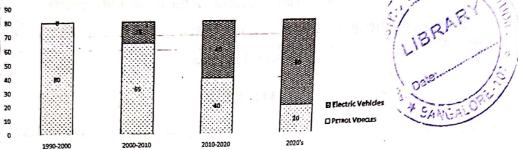
(2)

Questions:

- On which tree do the cocoa beansgrow? 1.
- What surrounds the seeds inside pods? 2.
- Mention the use of banana leaves in the chocolate making process. 3.
- Fermenting and drying the beans are needed to make the beans 4.
- When can fruits and nuts be added to chocolates? 5.

Write a paragraph focusing on the given graph using cohesive devices: $(1 \times 5 = 5)$ II.

Bar Graph showing number of two-wheeler sales in India(In millions), GRAU 70



Answer the following:

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

Explain Discriminative listening and Sympathetic listening.

(OR)

- 1. What is hearing?
- Listening is an active process, whereas hearing is passive. True/False. 2.
- Mention any one role for which listening skills are essential. 3.
- Give any one example to enhance listening skills. 4.
- 5. What is Informational listening?

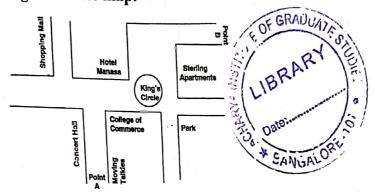
IV. Do as directed:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- Introduce yourself as the MC of the College Day celebrations at your college. 1.
- 2. Congratulate your sister on getting an excellent job placement.



- 3. Request your neighbor to reduce the volume of the Music player.
- 4. Offer help to an old man who is struggling to cross the busy road.
- 5. Enquire with the Summer Camp organizers about the activities being offered.
- V. 1. Give instructions to prepare a glass of orange juice using a mixer. $(1\times3=3)$
 - 2. Give directions to your friend to reach Point B from Point A with refrence to the given route map. $(1\times2=2)$



VL Do as directed:

1. Frame questions as directed.

 $(3 \times 1 = 3)$

- a) The finals of the World-Cup match in 1983 was played in <u>England</u>. (into whquestion).
- b) There is no short-cut to success.(into Yes/No question)
- c) <u>FIFA World Cup 2022</u> was held in Qatar.(into wh-question)
- 2. Add suitable question tags to the following sentences:

 $(2 \times 1 = 2)$

- a) Honesty is the best policy,____?
- b) The Math paper wasn't easy, ?
- 3. Fill in the blanks with suitable options given in brackets.

 $(3 \times 1 = 3)$

- a) The Director and Producer of the movie _____ (have/has) arrived.
- b) A bunch of keys _____ (was/were) found on the corridor.
- c) Ravi _____ (seems/seem) to be lost.

[P.T.O.

$_{\sim}$ Use the correct form of the word given in b	orackets and fill in the blanks.(2×1=2)
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Many scientists have contributed to India's scientific progress. Dr. APJ Abdul is immense. (change into a noun). Kalam's One should exercise caution while on road. She crossed the road into adverb).

SECTION-B (COURSE BOOK)

VII. Answer any FIVE of the following in a word, phrase or a sentence each:

- Criticising the Government is not the same as slandering an individual. True/False 1.
- 2. The poet in the poem *Democracy* needs freedom_
 - a) when he is dead
 - b) tommorrow
 - c) when he is alive
- 3. and the pursuit of happiness are among the unalienable rights endowed by our Creator as mentioned by Obama in his farewell speech.
- 4. What was the Press convinced about the unknown citizen in WH Auden's poem?
- 5. Since Hatthur, in the lesson. The Golden Dream was surrounded by thick jungles and flanked by two streams on its right and left, it did not have a _
- 6. What is already written out even as the leaders curse war in the poem From a German war Primer?

VIII. Answer any ONE of the following in about a page:

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

- 1. Briefly explain how according to Sundar Sarukkai, 'all speech is constrained.'
- 2. How can people give the Constitution its power as mentioned by Obama in his farewell speech?
- 3. How is the unknown citizen a saint in the modern sense of the word in the poem. The Unknown Citizen?

IX. Answer any ONE of the following in about two pages:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

- '....Let things take their course. Tomorrow is another day' from the poem 1. Democracyare lines that speak of compromise. Elucidate.
- Elaborate on the problems Ramesha got into after mastering the art of dreaming in 2. The Golden Dream.
- The 'defect' of man that Bertolt Brecht mentions in From a German war Primer is 3. actually a tool for change. How can man utilize it to better humankind?