

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

- 1 a. List any five circumstances, when the simulation is the appropriate tool and when it is not. (10 Marks)
- b. With a neat diagram, explain the steps in the simulation study. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Cars arrive to the shop for service in the manner shown below
- |                      |      |      |      |      |
|----------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Time between arrival | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    |
| Probability          | 0.25 | 0.40 | 0.20 | 0.15 |
- There are two car hops, Able and Baker. Able works a bit faster than Baker. Perform the simulation for six callers and construct the simulation table for the same.
- Distribution of their service time is shown in the below :
- For Able :
- |              |      |      |      |      |
|--------------|------|------|------|------|
| Service time | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |
| Probability  | 0.30 | 0.28 | 0.25 | 0.17 |
- For Baker :
- |              |      |      |      |      |
|--------------|------|------|------|------|
| Service time | 3    | 4    | 5    | 6    |
| Probability  | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
- Random digits for arrival are 26, 98, 90, 26, 42
- Random digits for service time 95, 21, 51, 92, 89, 38
- b. List and explain major concepts in Discrete – event simulation.
- (10 Marks)
- (10 Marks)

3 a. List the conditions which satisfies for Discrete random variables and continuous random variables. **(10 Marks)**

b. List the assumptions for fulfilling Poisson process for counting process  $[N(t), t \geq 0]$  with mean rate  $\lambda$ . **(10 Marks)**

OR

- 4 a. Explain the characteristics of queuing system. (10 Marks)  
b. List A/B/C/N/K letters for queuing notations by Kendal and Queuing notation for parallel server systems for these notation  $\lambda_c, \mu, \rho, s_n$  and  $\omega_n^Q$ . (10 Marks)

5 a. What are pseudo random numbers? What are the problem that occur while generating pseudo random numbers. (10 Marks)

b. What is linear congruential method? Use the linear congruential method to generate a sequence of random numbers  $x_0 = 63$ ,  $a = 19$ ,  $c = 0$ ,  $m = 100$ . (10 Marks)

**Important Note :**

1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg,  $42+8=50$ , will be treated as malpractice.

**OR**

- 6 a. The sequence of random numbers 0.44, 0.81, 0.14, 0.05, 0.93 are generated using Kolmogorov Smirnov test with  $\alpha = 0.05$  to determine if the hypothesis that the numbers are on the interval  $[0, 1]$  can be rejected. [Where  $D_\alpha = 0.565$ ]. (10 Marks)
- b. What is acceptance rejection technique? Generate 3 Poisson variates with mean  $\alpha = 0.2$ . The random numbers are 0.4357, 0.4146, 0.8353, 0.9952, 0.8004. (10 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Explain the different steps in development of a useful model of input data. (10 Marks)
- b. List the suggestion that enhances the data collection. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Briefly explain confidence interval estimation. (10 Marks)
- b. Prescribe quantities in output analysis for terminating simulations. (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Define verification of simulation model and suggest techniques for verifying a simulation model. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain model building verification and validation with respect to simulation model. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Illustrate the calibration technique for simulation model. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain Naylor and Finger 3 step approach to aid in the validation process. (10 Marks)

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