

Fifth Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 Theory of Computation

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. M : Marks , L: Bloom's level , C: Course outcomes.*

Module – 1			M	L	C															
Q.1	a.	Define the following with example : i) Language ii) String iii) Power of an alphabet.	3	L1	CO1															
	b.	Define DFA. Draw a DFA to accepts. i) The set of all strings that contain a substring aba. ii) To accept the strings of a's and b's that contain not more than three b's. iii) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* : \text{No 2 consecutive characters are same in } w\}$.	10	L3	CO1															
	c.	Convert the following NFA to DFA. <div><table><tr><td></td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>→ p</td><td>{p, q}</td><td>{p}</td></tr><tr><td>q</td><td>{r}</td><td>{r}</td></tr><tr><td>r</td><td>{s}</td><td>ϕ</td></tr><tr><td>* s</td><td>{s}</td><td>{s}</td></tr></table></div>		0	1	→ p	{p, q}	{p}	q	{r}	{r}	r	{s}	ϕ	* s	{s}	{s}	7	L2	CO1
	0	1																		
→ p	{p, q}	{p}																		
q	{r}	{r}																		
r	{s}	ϕ																		
* s	{s}	{s}																		
OR																				
Q.2	a.	Define the following with example : i) Alphabet ii) Reversal of string iii) Concatenation of Languages.	3	L1	CO1															
	b.	Design a DFA for the Language : $L = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* : w \text{ is a string divisible by } 5\}$.	7	L3	CO1															
	c.	Define NFA. Obtain an ϵ - NFA which accepts strings consisting of 0 or more a's , followed by 0 or more b's followed by 0 or more c's. Also convert it to DFA.	10	L2	CO1															
Module – 2																				
Q.3	a.	Define Regular expression. Write the regular expression for the following languages : i) Strings of a's and b's starting with a and ending with b. ii) Set of strings that consists of alternating 0's and 1's. iii) $L = \{a^n b^m, (n + m) \text{ is even}\}$. iv) $L = \{w : w \text{ mod } 3 = 0, \text{ where } w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$.	10	L2	CO2															

	b.	Minimize the following finite automata using Table filling algorithm :	10	L2	CO2																																				
		<table><tr><td></td><td>δ</td><td>a</td><td>b</td></tr><tr><td>\rightarrow</td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>A</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>B</td><td>A</td><td>C</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>C</td><td>D</td><td>B</td></tr><tr><td>*</td><td>D</td><td>D</td><td>A</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>E</td><td>D</td><td>F</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F</td><td>G</td><td>E</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>G</td><td>F</td><td>G</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>H</td><td>G</td><td>D</td></tr></table>		δ	a	b	\rightarrow	A	B	A		B	A	C		C	D	B	*	D	D	A		E	D	F		F	G	E		G	F	G		H	G	D			
	δ	a	b																																						
\rightarrow	A	B	A																																						
	B	A	C																																						
	C	D	B																																						
*	D	D	A																																						
	E	D	F																																						
	F	G	E																																						
	G	F	G																																						
	H	G	D																																						
OR																																									
Q.4	a.	Construct ε - NFA for the following Regular expression : i) $(0+1)01(1+0)$ ii) $1(0+1)^*0$ iii) $(0+1)^*011^*$	6	L1	CO2																																				
	b.	Obtain the Regular expression that denotes the language accepted by Fig. Q4(b). <div><p>Fig. Q4(b)</p><p>Using Kleene's theorem.</p></div>	6	L3	CO2																																				
	c.	State the Pumping Lemma for the Regular Languages. And also prove that the following languages are not regular. i) $L = \{0^n 1^m \mid n \leq m\}$ ii) $L = \{0^n 1^m 2^n \mid n, m \geq 1\}$.	8	L1	CO2																																				
Module - 3																																									
Q.5	a.	Design CFG for the following languages : i) $L = \{a^n b^{n+3}, n \geq 0\}$ ii) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k, j = i + k, i \geq 0, k \geq 0\}$ iii) $L = \{w \mid w \bmod 3 > 0 \text{ where } w \in \{a\}^*\}$ iv) $L = \{a^m b^n \mid m \neq n\}$ v) Palindromes over 0 and 1.	10	L3	CO3																																				
	b.	Consider the grammar G with productions. $S \rightarrow A b B / A / B$; $A \rightarrow aA / \varepsilon$; $B \rightarrow a B / b B / \varepsilon$. Obtain LMD, RMD and parse tree for the string aabab. Is the given grammar ambiguous?	10	L2	CO3																																				
OR																																									
Q.6	a.	Define the following with example : i) Context free grammar ii) Left most Derivation iii) Parse tree iv) Ambiguous grammar.	4	L1	CO3																																				
	b.	Design PDA for the language : $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i + k = j, i \geq 0, k \geq 0\}$ and show the moves made by the PDA for the string aabbbc.	10	L3	CO3																																				

	c.	Convert the following CFG's to PDA : $S \rightarrow aA$; $A \rightarrow aABC / bB / a$; $B \rightarrow b$; $C \rightarrow c$.	6	L2	CO3
Module – 4					
Q.7	a.	Define CNF. Convert the following CFG to CNF $E \rightarrow E + T / T$ $T \rightarrow T * F / F$ $F \rightarrow (E) / I$ $I \rightarrow Ia / Ib / a / b$.	10	L2	CO4
	b.	Show that $L = \{0^n 1^n 2^n / n \geq 1\}$ is no context free.	4	L2	CO4
	c.	Prove that the family of context free languages is closed under union and concatenation.	6	L1	CO4
OR					
Q.8	a.	Define Greibach Normal Form. Convert the following CFG to GNF. $S \rightarrow AB$; $A \rightarrow aA / bB / b$; $B \rightarrow b$.	6	L2	CO4
	b.	Consider the following CFG : $S \rightarrow ABC / BaB$ $A \rightarrow aA / BaC / aaa$ $B \rightarrow bBb / a / D$ $C \rightarrow CA / AC$ $D \rightarrow \epsilon$ i) What are useless symbols? ii) Eliminate ϵ - productions , Unit productions and useless symbols from the grammar.	10	L3	CO4
	c.	Prove that the following languages are not context free. i) $L = \{a^i / i \text{ is prime}\}$ ii) $L = \{a^{n^2} / n \geq 1\}$.	4	L2	CO3
Module – 5					
Q.9	a.	Define a turing machine and explain with neat diagram, the working of a basic turing machine.	6	L1	CO4
	b.	Design a Turing machine to accept the language, $L = \{a^n b^n c^n / n \geq 1\}$. Draw the transition diagram and show the moves for the string aabbcc.	14	L4	CO4
OR					
Q.10	a.	Design a Turing machine to accept palindrome over $\{a, b\}$ and draw the transition diagram.	12	L4	CO5
	b.	Write a short notes on : i) Recursively Enumerable Language. ii) Multitape Turing Machine.	8	L1	CO5
