USN

Automata Theory and Computability

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Define the following with example: i) Alphabet ii) Power of an alphabet iii) String and length of string iv) Concatination v) Language. (10 Marks)
 - b. Define DFSM. Design a DFSM to accept each of the following languages:

 $L = \{W : |W| \mod 3 = 0\} \text{ where } \Sigma = \{a\}$

 $L = \{W \in \{a, b\}: W \text{ Ending with abb }\}$

(10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Define NDFSM. Design an NFA to recognize the following set of string: [0101, 101, 011]. (06 Marks)
 - b. Design an NFA to obtain string of a and b ending with ab (or) ba, convert it into its equivalent DFA. (08 Marks)
 - c. Differentiate between DFA, NFA and ∈NFA.

(06 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Define regular expression, write the regular expression for the following languages:
 - i) $\{W \in \{0,1\}^* | W | \text{ is even} \}$
 - ii) $\{W \in \{0,1\}^* \text{ has } 001 \text{ as substring } \}$
 - iii) $\{W \in \{a,b\}^* \text{ whose second symbol from right end is } a\}$
 - iv) $\{W \in \{a,b\}^* \text{ starting with 'a' and ending with b}\}$

(06 Marks)

b. Show that every regular expression there is an equivalent FSM.

(06 Marks)

- c. Construct FSM for the regular expression
 - i) $a^* + b^* + c^*$
- ii) $(a + b)^*$ aa $(a + b)^*$

(08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. State and prove pumping lemma theorem for RL and ST the language $L = \{a^i \ b^j : i, j \ge 0 \text{ and } i-j=5\}$ is not regular. (12 Marks)
 - b. List the closure properties of regular language. Explain any two of them with example.

(08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Define context free grammer. Design CFG for the following languages:
 - i) Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ to generate string of even number of a's.
 - ii) $L = \{a^n \cdot b^n \mid n \ge 0\}$
 - iii) To generate string consisting of multiples of three a's.

(10 Marks)

- b. Obtain the grammer to generate the following language:
 - i) $L = \{0^m 1^m 2^n | m \ge 1 \text{ and } n \ge 0\}$
 - ii) $L = \{a^i b^j | i \neq j, i \geq 0 \text{ and } j \geq 0\}$

(10 Marks)

OR

What is ambiguity? Show that the following grammar is ambiguous $S \rightarrow AB \mid aaB$ $A \rightarrow a \mid Aa$ $B \rightarrow b$ (06 Marks) Define push down automata. Obtain a PDA to accept the language $L = A^n B^n = \{a^n b^n : n \ge 1\}$ (08 Marks) c. i) Derive leftmost derivation for the string aaabbabbba using the following grammer $S \rightarrow aB$ bA $A \rightarrow aS$ bAA a $B \rightarrow bS \mid aBB \mid b$ ii) Obtain the rightmost derivation for the string id + id * id using $E \rightarrow E + E$ $E \rightarrow E * E$ $E \rightarrow E - E$ $E \rightarrow E/E$ $E \rightarrow id$ (06 Marks) Module-4 Define Turing machine model. Explain representation of Turing machine. 7 (08 Marks) b. Design a Turing machine to accept $L = \{0^n \ 1^n \ 2^n \mid n \ge 1\}$ (08 Marks) Write a short note on multi tape TM. (04 Marks) OR With neat diagram, explain variants of TM. (10 Marks) Explain the model of linear bound automation. (05 Marks) Explain the working of a Turing machine. (05 Marks) Module-5 Explain the following with example: Decidability i) Decidable language 11) Undecidable language. (06 Marks) b. Explain post correspondence problem. (07 Marks) Explain halting problem in TM. (07 Marks) OR 10 Write a short note on: Growth rate of function Classes of P and NP Quantum computers d. Church-Turing thesis. (20 Marks)

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