

# CBCS SCHEME

USN

18AE/AS63

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025

## Finite Element Method

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Explain different coordinate systems used in Finite Element Method. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain compatibility and convergence requirement of shape function. (06 Marks)
- c. Derive the shape function and stiffness matrix for 1-D linear bar element. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain plane stress and plane strain problems in FEA. (10 Marks)
- b. Discuss about various elements used in Finite Element Method. (10 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 Consider a bar as shown in Fig Q3, an axial load of 200 kN is applied at point 'P'. Take  $A_1 = 2400 \text{ mm}^2$ ,  $E_1 = 70 \text{ GPa}$ ,  $A_2 = 600 \text{ mm}^2$ ,  $E_2 = 200 \text{ GPa}$ . Calculate :
  - i) The nodal displacements
  - ii) Stresses in each material
  - iii) Reaction forces at supports

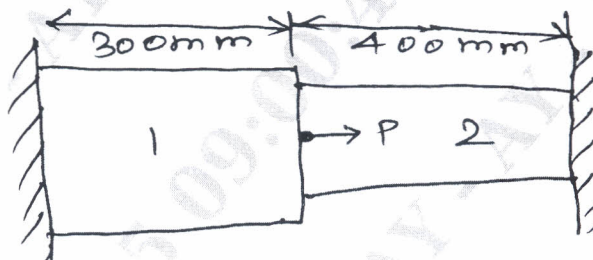
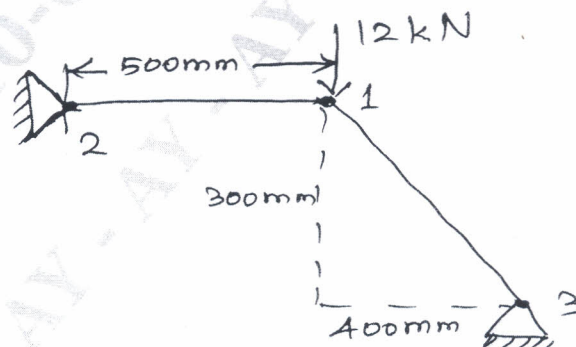


Fig Q3

(20 Marks)

OR

- 4 For the two bar truss shown in Fig Q4. Determine the displacement of node 1 and the stress in element 1-3. (20 Marks)



$E = 70 \text{ GPa}$   
 $A = 200 \text{ mm}^2$

Fig Q4

Module-3

- 5 a. Distinguish between Lagrange elements and Serrentipity elements. (08 Marks)  
 b. Determine the shape function  $N_1$ ,  $N_2$  and  $N_3$  at the interior point P for the triangular elements shown in Fig Q5(b).

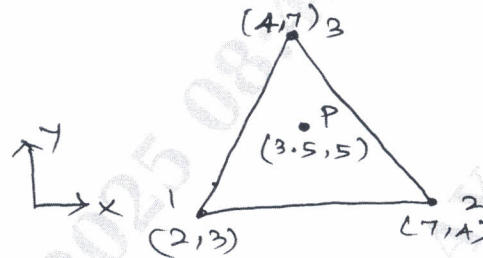


Fig Q5(b)

(12 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Derive shape function for Hexahedral element. (12 Marks)  
 b. Explain different types of higher order elements used in FEA. (08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain ISO parametric, sub parametric and super parametric elements. (10 Marks)  
 b. Explain briefly preprocessing processing and post processing used in FEA. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain Axisymmetric formulation. (04 Marks)  
 b. Derive strain-displacement matrix for an Axisymmetric Triangular element. (16 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 A wall of 0.6m thickness having thermal conductivity of 1.2 W/mK. The wall is to be insulated with a material of thickness 0.06m having an average thermal conductivity of 0.3 W/mK. The inner surface temperature is 1000°C and outside of the insulation is exposed at atmospheric air at 30°C with heat transfer coefficient of 35 W/m<sup>2</sup>K. Find the nodal temperature. (20 Marks)

OR

- 10 For the one dimensional bar shown in Fig Q10, determine the natural frequencies of longitudinal vibration using two elements of equal length. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $\rho = 0.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N/mm}^3$ ,  $L = 400 \text{ mm}$ .

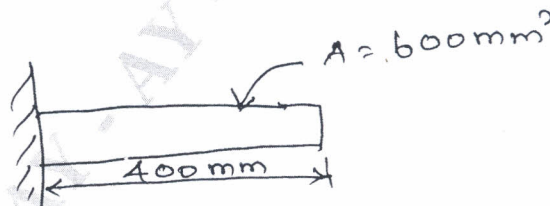


Fig Q10

(20 Marks)

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