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## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025

### Aerodynamics – II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.**

#### Module-1

- 1 a. Ambient air [ $p_0 = 1.013$  bar,  $T_0 = 288$  K] is sucked by a blower through a convergent nozzle [throat diameter = 10cm]. If the air velocity at the throat reaches sonic values determine :
  - i) Pressure and temperature at throat
  - ii) Mass flow rate at the throat

(10 Marks)
- b. Derive the energy equation for steady one dimensional flow. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 2 a. A conical diffuse has entry and exist diameter of 15 cm and 30 cm respectively. The pressure, temperature and velocity of air at entry are 0.69 bar, 340 K and 180 m/s respectively. Find
  - i) the exit pressure
  - ii) the exit velocity.

(10 Marks)
- b. Describe the performance under various back pressures considering convergent divergent nozzle with neat relevant sketch. (10 Marks)

#### Module-2

- 3 a. An aircraft flies at Mach Number of 1.2 at an altitude of 16,000 meters. The compression in its engine is partly achieved by a normal shock wave standing at the entry of its diffuser. Determine immediately downstream of the shock mach number, temperature and pressure. Also determine the stagnation pressure loss cross the shock. (10 Marks)
- b. Derive the Mach number equation across a normal shock wave in term of upstream Mach Number. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. Estimate the Mach Number, pressure temperature and velocity of a gas at the downstream of a shock if the gas upstream of the shock has a pressure of 2 bar at 275 K. The upstream Mach Number is 1.8. The specific heat ratio of the gas is 1.3 while R is 469 J/Kg K. (10 Marks)
- b. Derive an expression for Rankine – Hugonit equation for normal shocks. (10 Marks)

#### Module-3

- 5 a. Derive Prandtl's equation for an oblique shock wave (10 Marks)
- b. Define hodograph and shock polar with neat sketch. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Define mach angle and Mach cone with neat sketch. (10 Marks)
- b. The Mach number at the exit of a combustion chamber is 0.9. The ratio of stagnation temperature at exit and entry is 3.74. If the pressure and temperature of the gas at exit are 2.5 bar and 1000° C respectively, determine
- Mach Number, pressure and temperature of the gas at entry
  - The heat supplied per Kg of the gas
  - The maximum heat that can be supplied.
- The  $\gamma = 1.3$  and  $C_p = 1.218 \text{ kJ/Kg K}$ . (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive the equation of linearized velocity potential equation. (12 Marks)
- b. Explain Crocco's theorem. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Derive the linearized pressure coefficient valid for small perturbation. (10 Marks)
- b. Derive the basic potential equation for compressible flow. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain blow down type with neat sketch. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the working of schlieren system with neat sketch. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain the various methods adopted for flow visualization in subsonic flow. (10 Marks)
- b. Illustrate the working mechanism of shock tunnel. (10 Marks)

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