



CBGS SCHEME

18EC42

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Analog Circuits

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Explain the design concept of common emitter collector to Base feedback resistor biasing circuit and explain how collector to base feedback resistor provides a negative feedback in the circuit. (07 Marks)
- b. Considering the conceptual circuit of common source MOSFET amplifier, derive the expression for transconductance g_m and voltage gain A_V . (08 Marks)
- c. For common emitter voltage divider circuit having $\beta = 100$, $R_1 = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$, $R_2 = 5 \text{ K}\Omega$, $R_C = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$ and $R_E = 500 \Omega$ is provided with DC biasing voltage $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$, Calculate V_{CE} and I_C . (05 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Derive an expression for small signal collector current, transconductance g_m and voltage gain A_V in BJT, when small signal V_{bc} is applied between base and emitter. (10 Marks)
- b. Design voltage divider bias circuit using MOSFET to establish $I_D = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ and MOSFET parameter are $V_t = 1 \text{ V}$ and $K'_n \left(\frac{W}{L} \right) = 0.5 \text{ mA/V}^2$. Assume $V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}$. (10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Explain Three basic configurations of MOSFET amplifier and derive expression for characteristic parameter of amplifiers. (08 Marks)
- b. Briefly explain the Barkhausen criteria for oscillation. (04 Marks)
- c. For an n-channel MOSFET with $t_{ox} = 10 \text{ nm}$, $L = 1 \mu\text{m}$, $W = 10 \mu\text{m}$, $L_{ov} = 0.05 \mu\text{m}$, $C_{sbo} = C_{dbo} = 10 \text{ fF}$, $V_O = 0.6 \text{ V}$, $V_{SB} = 1 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 2 \text{ V}$. Calculate the following capacitance when the transistor is operating in saturation,
(i) C_{OX} (ii) C_{OV} (iii) C_{gs} (iv) C_{gd} (v) C_{sb} and C_{db} .
Consider $\epsilon_{ox} = 3.45 \times 10^{-11}$ (08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain the working of RC phase shift oscillator and show how RC network provides 180° of phase shift. (08 Marks)
- b. In a transistor Colpitts oscillator $C_1 = 1 \text{ nF}$ and $C_2 = 1000 \text{ nF}$. Find the value of L for a frequency of 100 kHz . (04 Marks)
- c. Explain the High frequency response of common source MOSFET amplifier with its equivalent circuit. (08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Explain the effect of negative feedback on input and output resistance of voltage series feedback amplifier. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain transformer coupled Class A power amplifier and show that the maximum efficiency of transformer coupled Class A power amplifier is 50%. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Draw the block diagram of four types of feedback topologies and compare them with respect to input and output resistance. (10 Marks)
- b. Compare Class B pushpull and complementary symmetry power amplifiers. (04 Marks)
- c. In a Class B push pull amplifier operating with $V_{CC} = 25V$ provides a 22 V peak signal to an 8Ω load. Find
 (i) Peak load current (ii) dc current drawn from the supply (iii) input power
 (iv) Output current efficiency (v) power dissipation (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. State the ideal op-amp characteristics. (06 Marks)
- b. Design a linear combination circuit using op-amp to obtain output $V_0 = -2V_1 - 8V_2 - V_3$ with $R_{in} \geq 20 k\Omega$ at all the inputs and all the resistances $\leq 200 k\Omega$ (04 Marks)
- c. Draw the circuit of 3 op-amp instrumentation amplifier and derive the expression for its output voltage. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain the working of voltage follower using op-amp and show that its gain is unity. State its advantages. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the working of zero crossing detectors. (06 Marks)
- c. Design an inverting Schmitt trigger to have trigger voltages of $\pm 4V$ using op-amp 741 with supply of $\pm 15V$. Consider $I_{B(max)} = 500 nA$. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. With neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of R-2R D/A converter. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the working of pulse width modulation circuit using 555 IC. (06 Marks)
- c. Design a low pass filter using op-amp at a cut off frequency of 1 kHz with pass gain of 2 and choose $C = 0.01 \mu F$ (04 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain with neat circuit diagram the working of positive precision Half Wave Rectifier. (06 Marks)
- b. Design a monostable 555 timer circuit to produce an output pulse of 10 sec wide and draw the circuit diagram. Choose $C = 100 \mu F$. (04 Marks)
- c. Draw the circuit of second order low pass filter and explain its operation. (10 Marks)

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