

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Derive the expression for,
 - (i) Δ to Y transformation
 - (ii) Y to Δ transformation

(10 Marks)

b. Determine the equivalent resistance between A and B of the network shown in Fig. Q1 (b).
(10 Marks)

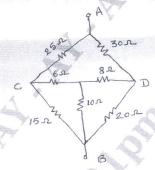


Fig. Q1 (b)

OR

2 a. Determine the current i₂ and voltage v₁ for the circuit shown in Fig. Q2 (a). (10 Marks)

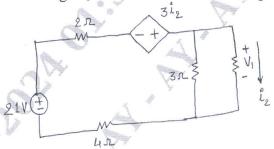


Fig. Q2 (a)

b. Determine the value of V_2 , such that current through 4 Ω resistor is zero, using mesh current analysis method for the network shown in Fig.Q2 (b). (10 Marks)

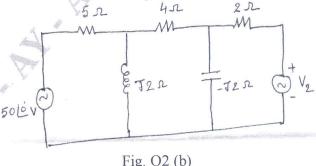


Fig. Q2 (b) 1 of 4

Module-2

State Super position theorem. Using superposition theorem, find the voltage V_1 across 3Ω resistor for the Network shown in Fig. Q3 (a).

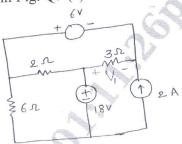
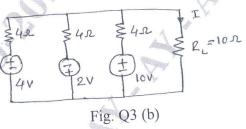


Fig. Q3 (a)

b. Evaluate the current through the load resistor R_L for the circuit shown in Fig. Q3 (b) using Millman's Theorem.



OR

- Explain the procedure to find Norton's equivalent resistance in a network which has both dependent and independent sources with an example.
 - Find the value of Z_L for which maximum power transfer occurs in the circuit shown in Fig. Q4 (b).

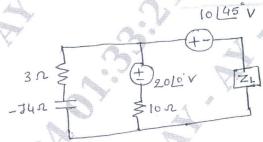


Fig.Q4 (b)

Determine the current flowing through the 6 Ω resistor for the circuit shown in Fig. Q4 (c) using Thevenin's theorem.

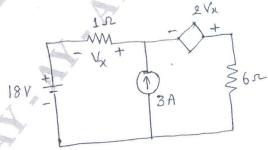
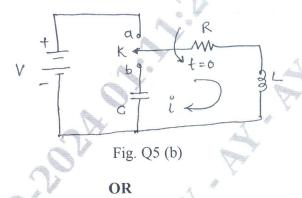


Fig. Q4 (c)

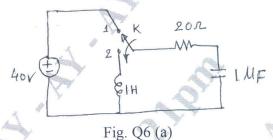
Module-3

Explain the transient behavior of R, L and C. Also explain the procedure for evaluating 5 transient behavior.

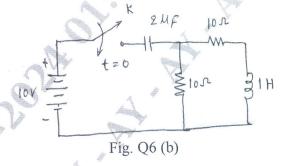
b. In the circuit shown in Fig. Q5 (b) the switch 'S' is moved from a to b at t=0. Evaluate the values of i, $\frac{di}{dt}$, $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t=0^+$. If R=1 Ω , L=1 H, C=0.1 μF and V=100 V. Assume steady state is achieved when K is at 'a'.



6 a. Evaluate i, $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t=0^+$ for the circuit shown in Fig. Q6 (a), when switch K is changed from position 1 to 2 at t=0, the steady state having been reached before switching. (10 Marks)



b. Find the values of $i_1, i_2, \frac{di_1}{dt}, \frac{di_2}{dt}, \frac{d^2i_1}{dt^2}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$ for the circuit shown in Fig. Q6 (b).



Module-4

- 7 a. Obtain Laplace transform of,
 - (i) Step function
 - (ii) Ramp function
 - (iii) Impulse function.

(10 Marks)

Find the Laplace transform of the periodic waveform shown in Fig. Q7 (b).

(10 Marks)

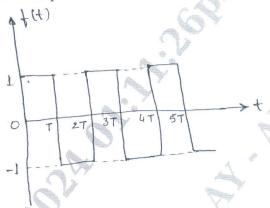


Fig. Q7 (b)

Deduce the Laplace transform of the following: 8

> Sin²t (i)

(ii) Cos²t

Sinot (iii)

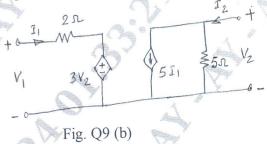
(10 Marks)

State and prove Initial and Final value theorems.

(10 Marks)

Module-5

- Express Z-parameters in terms of h-parameters and what are hybrid parameters. (10 Marks) 9
 - Determine the transmission parameters for the network shown in Fig. Q9 (b).



(10 Marks)

OR

- a. Define the followings
 - Resonance (i)
 - Q-factor (ii)
 - Band width (iii)

Selectivity. (iv)

Prove that the resonating frequency in a R-L-C series circuit is geometrical mean of half

power frequencies is $f_0 = \sqrt{f_1 f_2}$.

(12 Marks)

(08 Marks)