CBCS SCHEME

18CS641

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 **Data Mining and Data Warehousing**

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- What is Data Warehouse? Explain three tier architecture of data warehouse with a neat 1
 - Explain the various differences between OLTP and OLAP systems. b.

(10 Marks)

- Explain with suitable examples the various OLAP operations in a multi-dimensional data 2
 - Explain the concept of star, snowflake and fact constellation schemas for multi-dimensional databases with examples. (10 Marks)

Module-2

- What is data mining? With a neat diagram, explain KDD process in data mining. Also 3 explain the various data mining tasks with suitable examples. (12 Marks)
 - b. For the following vectors X and Y, calculate
 - Cosine similarity (i)
 - (ii) Eucledian distance
 - Jaccard coefficient (iii)
 - Correlation coefficient (iv)

X = (0, 1, 0, 1); Y = (1, 0, 1, 0)

(08 Marks)

- With respect to indexing, explain bit map index and join index operations. (10 Marks)
 - Briefly explain any five data preprocessing approaches.

(10 Marks)

Module-3

- a. What is frequent itemset generation? Explain frequent itemset generation using Apriori principle with an example. (10 Marks)
 - b. Describe alternative methods for generating frequent itemsets.

(10 Marks)

Briefly explain the factors affecting the computational complexity of apriori algorithm. 6

- What is association analysis? Explain association rule, support and confidence with an
- c. Explain objective measures of interestingness for evaluating association patterns. (10 Marks)

1 of 2

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

Module-4

7 a. Define classification. With a neat diagram expain the general approach to solve classification problem. (08 Marks)

o. Illustrate Hunt's algorithm to develop a decision tree. Using hunt's algorithm derive

decision tree for the following data:

| will g date | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| Binary | Categorical | Continuous | Class |
| Home | Marital | Annual | Defaulted |
| owner | status | Income | Borrower |
| Yes | Single | 125 K | No |
| No | Married | 100 K | No |
| No / | Single | 70 K | No |
| Yes | Married | 120 K | No |
| No | Divorced | 95 K | Yes |
| No | Married | 60 K | No |
| Yes | Divorced | 220 K | No |
| No | Single | 85 K | Yes |
| No | Married | 75 K | No |
| No | Single | 90 K | Yes |
| | Binary Home owner Yes No No Yes No No No Yes No No Yes No | Binary Categorical Home Marital owner status Yes Single No Married No Single Yes Married No Divorced No Married Yes Divorced No Single Yes Married | Home owner status Income Yes Single 125 K No Married 100 K No Single 70 K Yes Married 120 K No Divorced 95 K No Married 60 K Yes Divorced 220 K No Single 85 K No Married 75 K |

(12 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. What is a rule based classifier? Explain the following:
 - (i) Sequential covering algorithm.

(ii) Rule ordering schemes.

(10 Marks)

b. Write an algorithm for K-nearest neighbour classification. List the characteristics of nearest neighbor classifiers. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. What is Cluster analysis? Explain the different types of clustering techniques with examples.
 (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain K-means clustering algorithm. What are its limitations?

(10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain Agglomerative hierarchical clustering algorithm with different proximity between clusters. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain DBSCAN algorithm and estimate time and space complexity. How the parameters are selected? (10 Marks)

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