Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka III Year B.Sc. Anaesthesia Technology Degree Examination - 30-May-2024

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 100

ANAESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY – CLINICAL – PAPER-I (RS-3) Q.P. CODE: 3271

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Question No.2 Choice)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Elaborate the steps taken to check anaesthesia machine
- 2. Algorithm or steps for difficult intubation

OR

Enumerate 10 golden rules of anesthesia. List the reversal agent. Criteria required for adequate reversal

SHORT ESSAYS (Question No.5 & 10 choice)

 $10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ Marks}$

- 3. Premedication in pediatric patient
- 4. Importance of ECG in a patient posted for surgery
- 5. What are the monitors required during surgery for pre induction and post induction?

Gas cylinders, colour coding and testing

- 6. Drugs used for bronchospasm during surgery. How to relieve intraoperative bronchospasm?
- 7. Enumerate causes of post operative shivering and how to manage it?
- 8. Write a note of intraoperative fluid management
- 9. Various uses of epinephrine
- 10. Explain intermediate system in anaesthesia machine

ΛR

What is oxygen flush? What and the pressures and flows delivered from oxygen flush?

- 11. Sodabicarb
- 12. What is hypoxia? What are the different types of hypoxia?

SHORT ANSWER (Question No. 15 & 20 choice)

 $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 13. Laryngoscope
- 14. Causes of intraoperative Brady cardia? Treatment
- 15. Causes of restlessness in post op period

OR

Criteria for accepting the case

- 16. Hydrocortisone
- 17. Reversal from muscle relaxant
- 18. Importance of blood glucose, ketones bodies, electrolytes in a diabetic patient on the day of surgery?
- 19. Pulse oximetry
- 20. What is a vaporizer?

OR

Pin index safety system

- 21. Cylinder types
- 22. Hyperkalemia and its anaesthetic implications