CBCS SCHEME

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Second Semester MBA Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 Research Methodology and IPR

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FOUR full questions from Q1 to Q7.

2. Question No.8 is compulsory.

3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

| 182 | | | M | L | C |
|-----|----|---|----|------|-----------------|
| 1 | a. | Define Descriptive Research. | 3 | L1 | CO1 |
| | b. | Describe the features of good research. | 7 | L1 | CO1 |
| | c. | Explain the steps involved in the process of research. | 10 | L2 | CO1 |
| | | | | ** x | |
| 2 | a. | Define Literative search. | 3 | L1 | CO1 |
| | b. | Discuss the methods of Descriptive Research Design. | 7 | L6 | CO2 |
| | c. | What is Focus group? Explain the characteristics of a moderator. | 10 | L2 | CO ₂ |
| | | | | | |
| 3 | a. | Define sample frame with example. | 3 | L1 | CO ₂ |
| | b. | Explain the steps involved in sampling process. | 7 | L2 | CO2 |
| | c. | Explain the types of probability sampling method with suitable examples. | 10 | L2 | CO2 |
| 4 | a. | Define snowball sampling with example. | 3 | L1 | CO1 |
| - | b. | Explain the types of observation method. | 7 | L2 | CO2 |
| | c. | What is questionnaire? Briefly explain the steps involved in designing a questionnaire. | 10 | L2 | CO2 |
| 5 | a. | What are projective techniques? | 3 | L1 | CO ₂ |
| | b. | Explain the advantages and disadvantages of secondary data. | 7 | L2 | CO2 |
| 8 | c. | Explain the types of attitude measurement sales. | 10 | L2 | CO2 |
| 6 | a. | Define ordinal scale with example. | 3 | L1 | CO2 |
| | b. | Explain the steps involved in processing of data. | 7 | L2 | CO3 |
| | c. | Explain the types of research report. | 10 | L2 | CO3 |
| | | | | | |
| 7 | a. | Define the term intellectual property. | 3 | L1 | CO5 |
| | b. | Explain the types of intellectual property. | 7 | L2 | CO5 |
| | c. | Explain the types of experimental research design. | 10 | L2 | CO ₂ |

| 8 | | Case Study: (compulsory) | | | |
|---------|---------|---|---|-----|-------|
| | N 20 | Coca Cola India's Thirst for the Rural Market | | | |
| | 2 | In early 2002, Coca-Cola India (CCI) launched a new advertisement | | | |
| | Ün | compaign featuring leading hollywood actor — Aamir Khan. The advertisement | | A . | 1336 |
| | 4.4 | with the tag line - 'Thanda Matlab Coca - Cola was targeted at rural and selli- | 1 M 1 1 | 7.3 | |
| | | urban consumers. According to company sources, the idea was to position coca- | | | 1.7.5 |
| | | Cola as a generic brand for cold drinks. The campaign was launched to support | 9 | 70 | |
| | | CCI's rural marketing initiatives. CCI began focusing on the rural market in the early 2000s in order to | 0 102 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | |
| 2.0 | | increase volumes. The decision was not supervising, given the huge size of the | | | - 2 % |
| - 1 | Ġ. | untanned rural market in India | 7-H | | |
| | | With flat sales in the urban areas, it was clear that CCI would have to shift its | | | |
| | | focus to the rural market. Nantoo Banerjee, spokes women CCI, said, "The real | | | 2 00 |
| - 1 | | market in India is in the rural areas. If you can crack it, there is tremendous | W 100 | | |
| | | potential". | | | |
| | 6.5 | However, the poor rural infrastructure and consumption habits that are very different from those of urban people were two major obstacles to creating the rural | 20 | | 100 |
| | | market for CCI. Because of the erratic power supply most grocers in rural areas fid | | | |
| Sec. 5 | o fee i | not stock cold drinks. Also, people in rural areas had a preference for traditional | 100 F | | e 11 |
| | | cold beverages such 'Lassi and Lemon Juice'. Further, the process of the beverage | | | |
| | N. S | was also a major factor for the rural consumer. | | | |
| | | was also a major ractor for the | | | (A-1) |
| | a. | Formulate the objectives of research. | 5 | L2 | CO1 |
| | b. | What type of research design would you atopt. | 5 | L1 | CO1 |
| | c. | Identify the major problems involved in the case. | 5 | L1 | CO2 |
| 1 1 2 - | d. | Advice the company for attracting the rural customer and promotional strategies to | 5 | L1 | CO2 |
| | | be adopted. | , N , S | | |