**22MCA12** 

## First Semester MCA Degree Examination, June/July 2023 **Operating System Concepts**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module. 2. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

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0.1		Module – 1	M	L	С
Q.1	a.	Define an Operating System. Explain the abstract view of the components of a computer system with a neat diagram.	10	L2	CO
	b.	Describe the operating system operations with a neat diagram.	10	L2	CO
		OR			
Q.2	a.	Explain the operating system services.	10	L2	CO
	b.	Define a system call. Explain the types of system calls.	10	L2	CO
		Module – 2			
Q.3	a.	Define a process. Explain the different states of a process with a neat diagram.	8	L2	CO
	b.	Write a C program to simulate the following non-preemptive CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time. i) FCFS ii) SJF.	12	L3	CO
		OR			
Q.4	a.	Define a thread. Explain the benefits of multithreading.	10	L2	CO
	b.	Describe the different multithreading models.	10	L2	CO
		Module = 3			
Q.5	a.	Define cooperating process. Discuss the critical section problem and also list the requirements to the solution of critical section problem.	10	L2	CO:
	b.	Define a semaphore. Explain the wait() and signal() operations. Outline the mutual – exclusion implementation with semaphores.	10	L2	CO
		OR			
Q.6	a.	Consider the following snapshot of a system:  Allocation Max Available  A B C D A B C D A B C D  Po 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 1 5 2 0  P1 1 0 0 0 1 7 5 0  P2 1 3 5 4 2 3 5 6  P3 0 6 3 2 0 6 5 2  P4 0 0 1 4 0 6 5 6  Answer the following questions using the Banker's algorithm.  i) What is the content of matrix need?  ii) Is the system in a safe state? If yes, give the safe sequence.  iii) If a request from process P1 arrives for (0, 4, 2, 0), can the request be granted immediately?	12	L3	CO

b. a. b.	Explain the steps to recover from a deadlock with an example.  Module – 4  Write a C program to simulate paging technique of memory management.  Explain the segmentation hardware with a neat diagram.  OR  Explain the steps in handling a page fault with a neat diagram.	8 10 10	L2 L3 L2	(
a. b.	Module – 4  Write a C program to simulate paging technique of memory management.  Explain the segmentation hardware with a neat diagram.  OR	10	L3	(
b.	Write a C program to simulate paging technique of memory management.  Explain the segmentation hardware with a neat diagram.  OR			
b.	Explain the segmentation hardware with a neat diagram.  OR			
a.	OR	10	L2	
	OR  Explain the steps in handling a page fault with a neat diagram.		100	•
	Explain the steps in handling a page fault with a neat diagram.			
b.	Explain the steps in handing a page and	10	L2	•
	Consider the following memory reference string 7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1 for a memory with three frames. How many page faults will occur with respect to the following page replacement algorithms:  i) FIFO page replacement  ii) Optimal page replacement  iii) LRU page replacement.	10	L3	
	Module – 5			
a.	Define a File. List all the attributes of a file.	10		
b.	Discuss the different operations on a file.	10	L2	
	OR	,		_
a.	Explain the following file-access methods  i) Sequential access  ii) Direct access.	10	L2	
	<ul><li>i) Single-level directory</li><li>ii) Two-level directory</li><li>iii) Tree-structured directory.</li></ul>			
	2 of 2			
	a.	a. Explain the following file-access methods i) Sequential access ii) Direct access.  b. Describe the following schemes for defining the logical structure of a directory. i) Single-level directory ii) Two-level directory.  ******	OR    a. Explain the following file-access methods   10   10     i) Sequential access   ii) Direct access.    b. Describe the following schemes for defining the logical structure of a directory.   i) Single-level directory   ii) Two-level directory   iii) Tree-structured directory.    ******	Discuss the different operations of a title.  OR  a. Explain the following file-access methods i) Sequential access ii) Direct access.  b. Describe the following schemes for defining the logical structure of a directory.  i) Single-level directory iii) Two-level directory iii) Tree-structured directory.  ******