

**22MBA14** 

First Semester MBA Degree Examination, June/July 2023 **Statistics for Managers** 

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FOUR full questions from Q1 to Q7.

2. Question No.8 is compulsory.

3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

	Т	A.	M	L	C
1	a.	Discuss the importance of statistics.	3	L1	CO1
	b.	Find out missing frequency for the following data, if $\bar{x} = 67.45$ and $n = 100$ CI (Heights) $\begin{vmatrix} 59.5 & - & 62.5 & - & 65.5 & - & 68.5 & - & 71.5 & - \\ 62.5 & 65.5 & 68.5 & 71.5 & 74.5 & - & 68.5 & - & 68.5 & - & 71.5 & - & 74.$	7	L3	CO2
	c.	Calculate Mean, Median and Mode from the following data:         Weights       93-97       98-       103-       108-       113-       118-       123-       128-         102       107       112       117       122       127       132-         f       3       5       12       17       14       06       3       1	10	L3	CO2
2	a.	If the least value and the highest value in a data are - 8 and 60 respectively. Find range and coefficient of range.	3	L3	CO2
12 15	b.	Find the mean deviation from mean for the following distribution:         Height       60       61       62       63       64       65       66       67       68         Frequency       2       1       14       29       25       12       10       4       2	7	L3	CO2
9	c.	The following distribution gives the pattern of overtime work done by 100 employees of a company. Find mean and standard deviation.  Over time hrs 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35 35-40 No. of employees 10 21 34 21 7 7	10	L4	CO3
3	a.	Define correlation and regression.	3	L1	CO1
	b.	An analysis of monthly wages paid to workers, gave the following results:    Particulars   Firm A   Firm B     Number of wage earners   500   600     Average monthly wage (Rs.)   5,600   6,500     Standard deviation of wage (Rs.)   223.5   231.3	7	L3	CO3
,	C.	i) Which firm A or B pays a larger amount of monthly wage? ii) In which firm A or B is there a greater variability in wages?  Calculate lower quartile, upper quartile and 8 <sup>th</sup> decile from the following data: 22, 26, 14, 30, 18, 11, 35, 41, 12, 32.	10	L3	CO

		in the interest of the system to	3	L1	CO1
	a. ]	Define binomial distribution with example.	7	L3	CO3
	b.	Calculate the Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation for the following data:  Height 23 27 28 28 29 30 31 33 35 36			
		Height 23 27 28 28 29 30 31 32 29 28 29			- A
		Weight 18 20 22 27 21 29 27 29 28 29			
			10	L3	CO3
	c.	Calculate the coefficient of rank correlation.		and the second	
		x 18 28 35 44 35 26 37 48			
		y 83 51 34 34 34 28 46 47			
			3	L1	CO1
	2	Interpret the values of $r = 0$ , $r = -1$ , $r = +1$ .			COI
+	a.	n 1 · 11 of stotistics	7	L1	
		Calculate Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient from following and interpret.	10	L3	CO3
	C.				
		20 10 14 11 0 10 6			
		y 20 18 14 11 7 10 0			
		1	3	L1	CO1
5	a.	Define Hypothesis.  If 5% electrical bulbs manufactured by a company are defective, use the poison	7	L3	CO1
	b.	If 5% electrical bulbs manufactured by a company are detected,			
		distribution to find probability in that sample of 100 bulbs :			
		i) None is defective			
		ii) 5 bulbs are defective.	10	L5	CO
	c.	ii) 5 bulbs are defective.  In an intelligence test administered to 500 students and data is normally in an intelligence test administered to 500 students and data is normally in the devication was 24 Find:	_		
		distributed. The average score was 42 and standard deviation was 24.1 ind.			4
		The number of students whose score exceeded 30			. 78.
		The number of students who scored between 30 and 40			
		1 - f - to donto who scored above out	3	L5	CO
7	a.	A sample of 200 bulbs made by a company gives a life time mean of 1540 hours.	3	LIS	CO
,	۵.	1 1 1 1 - Line of A') hours it is likely like the Sample has been distinct			
		With a standard deviation of 42 hours. It is fixed that the first and the first are all fixed from a population with a mean life time of 1500 hours. Evaluate at 5% level of	3		
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7	L	CO
	b.	Samples of sales in similar shops of two towns are taken for a new product with	7	L	, со
	0.	following results.			
		Town Mean sales Standard deviation Sample size			
		A 57 2.30 5			
		B 61 2.19 7			
		ilance of difference in sales of two towns?			
		ii) Use 5% level of significance for testing this difference between means of two	100		
	v	11) USE 370 level of Significance for states			
		samples?	1 6.2	y   1	
2		Below given are figures of production in a steel factory. Fit a trend line using least	1	0 L	5 CC
	C.	square method. Also calculate trend value for the year 2022.		100	
	a Tu				
		Year 2013 2010 2017 2010 00 00 00	H.		
		Production 80 90 92 83 94 99 92	1		
	Y A	1 timeta wywian V is	2	0 L	5 C
8		Form the following data obtain two regression equations and estimate y when X is	2	UL	15
. 8		12 and X when y is 12.			
8				1	1.0
8		X III /		- 1	1.4
8		x 11 7 9 3 8 0 10 y 10 8 6 5 9 7 11			