





Reg. No.

I Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, August - 2021

PHYSICS

Quantum Mechanics - I

(CBCS Scheme 2018-19 Repeaters)

Paper: P103

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions to Candidates:

All parts are compulsory.

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PART - A

Answer any Four of the following questions.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- Explain how the idea of wave packet led to the Heisenberg uncertainty principle. State the three uncertainty relations.
- Discuss the density of energy levels of a particle confined in a cubical box. 2.
- What is Hermitian operator? Show that two eigenvectors of a Hermitian operator belonging 3. to two distinct eigenvalues are orthogonal.
- Explain the features Heisenberg picture. Obtain the equation of motion in Heisenberg 4. picture.
- What are ladder operators? Show that $[\hat{J}_+,\hat{J}_-] = 2\hbar \hat{j}_z$ and $[\hat{J}^2,\hat{J}_\pm] = 0$. 5.
- What are Pauli spin matrices? Explain their properties. 6.

PART-B

Answer any Four of the following questions.

 $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

- Bring out the reasoning which led Louis de Broglie to propose the concept of matter waves. 7. Obtain expressions for the wavelength of matter waves associated with a photon, nonrelativistic and relativistic matter particle.
- State Ehrenfest theorem. Prove the Ehrenfest theorem deriving the following relations: 8.

i.
$$m\frac{d}{dt}\langle x\rangle = \langle p_x\rangle$$
 and

ii.
$$\frac{d}{dt}\langle p_x \rangle = \left\langle \frac{dV}{dx} \right\rangle$$
.

P.T.O.



- 9. Setup Schrödinger wave equation for a one - dimensional harmonic oscillator and write down the expressions for energy and wavefunctions. What do you mean by zero - point energy? Schematically represent the energy levels, wavefunction, and probability density for first three states of the oscillator.
- Derive reflection and transmission coefficients for a beam of particles of energy E incident on a finite width potential barrier of height V_0 such that $E < V_0$.
- 11. Obtain the generalized uncertainty relationship for two observables A and B of a state of a physical system, satisfying $[\hat{A}, \hat{B}] = i\hat{C}$.
- For given angular momentum state $|j,m\rangle$, show that

$$\hat{J}_{\pm} | j, m \rangle = \sqrt{j(j+1) - m(m\pm 1)} \hbar | j, m\pm 1 \rangle$$

PART-C

Answer any Two of the following questions.

- Determine the expectation of x-position of a particle trapped in one dimensional box of width L for the state n = 2 state. Given the normalized wavefunction, $\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right)$.
- Calculate the normalization constant for the wavefunction $\psi(\theta, \phi) = A\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)$ in the regions $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ and $0 \le \phi \le 2\pi$.
- Show that $\exp(i\vec{k},\vec{r})$ is simultaneously an eigenfunction of the operators $-i\hbar \hat{\nabla}$ and $-\hbar^2 \hat{\nabla}^2$.
- 16. If \hat{L}_x , \hat{L}_y and \hat{L}_z are components of angular momentum operator \hat{L}_z , show that $\left[\hat{L}_x,\hat{L}_y\right]=i\hbar\hat{L}_z$.

