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10ME63

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023

Heat and Mass Transfer

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

- Note:1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.
2. Use of heat transfer data handbook is permitted.

PART – A

- 1 a. Briefly explain the three modes of heat transfer. (06 Marks)
b. Derive the general three-dimensional conduction equation in Cartesian co-ordinates and state the assumptions made. (08 Marks)
c. A wall of furnace is made up of inside layer of Silica brick 120 mm thick covered with a layer of magnesite brick 240 mm thick. The temperature at the inside surface of silica brick wall and outside surface of magnesite brick wall are 725°C and 110°C respectively. The contact thermal resistance between two walls at the interface is 0.0035°C/W per unit wall area. If the thermal conductivities of silica and magnesite bricks are $1.7 \text{ W/m}^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $5.8 \text{ W/m}^{\circ}\text{C}$, calculate the temperature drop at the interface. (06 Marks)
- 2 a. Derive an expression for general form of the energy equation for one dimensional heat dissipation from a rectangular fin and state the assumptions made. (10 Marks)
b. Two long rods of the same diameter, one made of brass ($K = 85 \text{ W/m}^{\circ}\text{C}$) and other made of copper ($K = 375 \text{ W/m}^{\circ}\text{C}$) have one of their ends inserted into the furnace. Both the rods are exposed to the same environment. At a distance 105 mm away from the furnace end, the temperature of the brass rod is 120°C . At what distance from the furnace end the same temperature would be reached in the copper rod. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Obtain an expression for instantaneous heat transfer and total heat transfer for lumped parameter analysis. (10 Marks)
b. A Thermo couple junction is in the form of 8 mm diameter sphere. Properties of materials are $C = 420 \text{ J/kg}^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\rho = 8000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, $K = 40 \text{ W/m}^{\circ}\text{C}$, $h = 40 \text{ W/m}^2^{\circ}\text{C}$. This junction is initially at 40°C and inserted in a stream of air at 300°C . Find
(i) Time constant of the thermocouple.
(ii) The Thermocouple is taken out from the hot air after 10 seconds and kept in still air at 30°C .
Assuming the heat transfer coefficient in air $10 \text{ W/m}^2^{\circ}\text{C}$ find the temperature attained by the junction after 20 seconds and when removed from hot air. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Explain the following with neat sketches:
(i) Velocity boundary layer. (ii) Thermal boundary layer.
(iii) Hydrodynamic Entrance length (iv) Thermal Entrance length. (12 Marks)
b. Air at 20°C is flowing over a flat plate which is 200 mm wide and 500 mm long. The plate is maintained at 100°C . Find the heat loss per hour from the plate if the air is flowing parallel to 500 mm side with 2 m/s velocity. The properties of air at $\frac{(100+20)}{2} = 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ are $\nu = 18.97 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$, $K = 0.025 \text{ W/m}^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $P_r = 0.7$ (08 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. Using dimensional analysis, obtain fundamental relation between dimensionless parameters in forced convection. (08 Marks)
- b. A nuclear reactor with its core constructed of parallel plates 2.2 m high and 1.45 m wide have been designed on free convection heating of liquid bismuth. The maximum temperature of the plate surface is limited to 960 °C, while the lowest temperature is 340 °C. Calculate the maximum possible heat dissipation from both sides of each plate. For convection co-efficient the appropriate correlation is $Nu = 0.13(GrPr)^{\frac{1}{3}}$, where the properties at mean film temperature of 650 °C for bismuth are $\rho = 10^4 \text{ kg/m}^3$, $\mu = 3.12 \text{ kg/m-h}$, $C_p = 150.7 \text{ J/kgK}$. (12 Marks)
- 6 a. Derive an expression for effectiveness of parallel flow heat exchanger. (08 Marks)
- b. A counter flow heat exchanger is employed to cool 0.55 kg/s ($C_p = 2.45 \text{ KJ/kg}^\circ\text{C}$) of oil from 115 °C to 40 °C by the use of water. The inlet and outlet temperatures of cooling water are 15 °C and 75 °C respectively. The overall heat transfer co-efficient is expected to be 1450 $\text{W/m}^2^\circ\text{C}$ using NTU method calculate, massflow rate of water, Effectiveness and surface area. (12 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain the different regimes of boiling with a neat sketch. (08 Marks)
- b. Explain the types of condensation with a neat sketch. (04 Marks)
- c. A vertical tube of 60 mm outside diameter and 1.2 m long is exposed to steam at atmospheric pressure. The outersurface of the tube is maintained at a temperature of 50 °C by circulating cold water through the tube. Calculate (i) The rate of heat transfer to the coolant. (ii) The rate of condensation of steam. (08 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain the concept of black body and mention its properties. (04 Marks)
- b. State and explain Kirchoff's law. (04 Marks)
- c. Determine heat lost by radiation per meter length of 80 mm diameter pipe at 300 °C if,
 (i) Located in a large room with red brick walls at a temperature of 27 °C.
 (ii) Enclosed in a 160 mm diameter red brick conduit at a temperature of 27 °C. (12 Marks)
