

CBCGS SCHEME

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17EC35

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Find the equivalent resistance at AB using Y - Δ transformation technique for the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(a). (06 Marks)

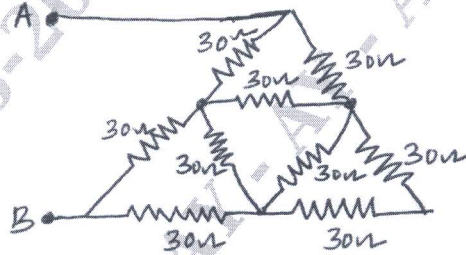


Fig.Q1(a)

- b. Using source transformation, reduce the following network shown in Fig.Q1(b) into a single source with series resistance. (06 Marks)

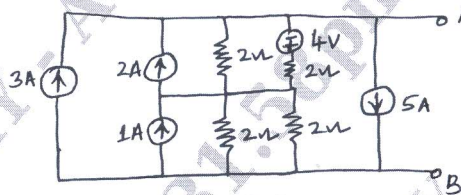


Fig.Q1(b)

- c. Define and distinguish the following network elements :
 i) Linear and no-linear ii) Active and passive
 iii) Lumped and distributed iv) Ideal and practical current sources. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Write the mesh equations for the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(a) and determine mesh currents using mesh analysis.

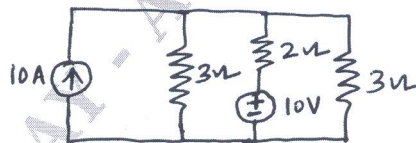


Fig.Q2(a)

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the power dissipated in 10Ω resistor by node voltage method in Fig.Q2(b).

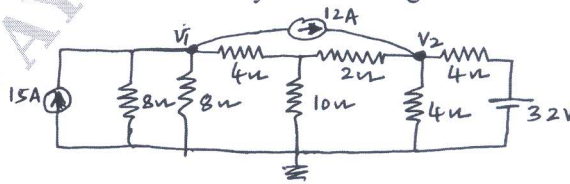


Fig.Q2(b)

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

c. Explain the concept of Supermesh with example.

(04 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. State and prove Reciprocity theorem.

(04 Marks)

b. Using Superposition theorem, find I_x of the network shown in Fig.Q3(b).

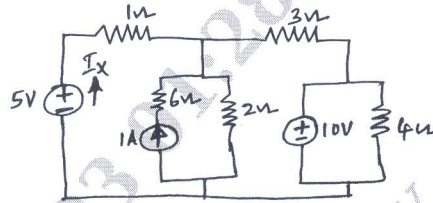


Fig.Q3(b)

(08 Marks)

c. Using Millman's theorem, find current through the load resistor R_L for the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(c).

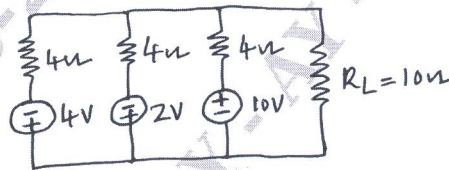


Fig.Q3 (c)

(08 Marks)

OR

4 a. For the networks shown in Fig.Q4(a), obtain the Thevenin's equivalent as seen from the terminals A and B.

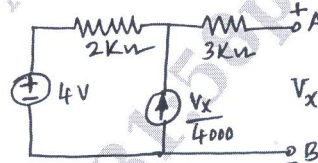


Fig.Q4(a)

(08 Marks)

b. For the network shown in Fig.Q4(b), determine the impedance Z_x such that maximum power is transformed from the source to the load of impedance Z_x .

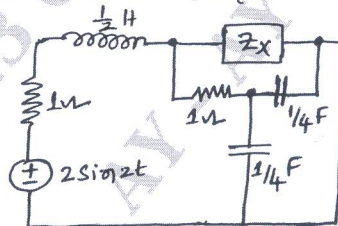


Fig.Q4(b)

(06 Marks)

c. Using Norton's theorem, find the current 'I' for the networks shown in Fig.Q4(c).

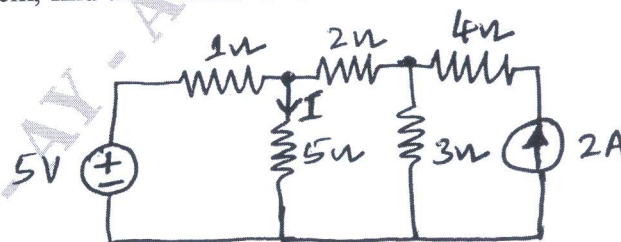


Fig.Q4(c)

(06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. What is Initial and Final condition? Explain the behavior of R, L and C for the initial condition. (04 Marks)
- b. In the network shown in Fig.Q5(b), the switch is closed at $t = 0$. Determine i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$.

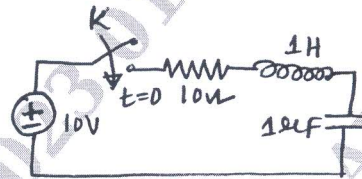


Fig.Q5(b)

(08 Marks)

- c. In the network shown in Fig.Q5(c), 'K' is changed from position 'a' to 'b' at $t = 0$. Solve for i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$, if $R = 1000\Omega$, $L = 1H$ and $C = 0.1\mu F$ and $V = 100V$. Assume that the capacitor is initially uncharged.

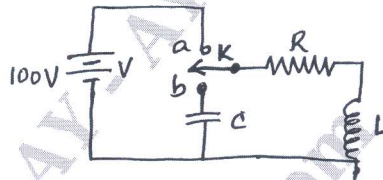


Fig.Q5(c)

(08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Assuming that the staircase waveform of Fig.Q6(a) is not repeated, find its Laplace transform. If this voltage wave is applied to a RL series circuit with $R = 1\Omega$ and $L = 1H$, find the current $i(t)$.

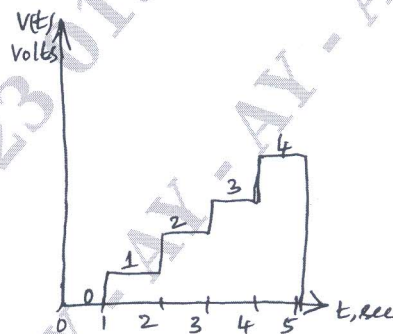


Fig.Q6(a)

(10 Marks)

- b. Find the Laplace transform of the given function $f(t) = 5 + 4e^{-2t}$. (04 Marks)
- c. Find the Laplace transform of the saw tooth waveform in Fig.Q6(c).

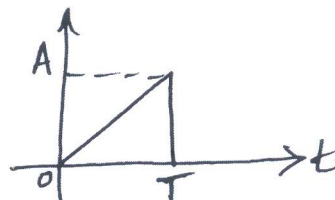


Fig.Q6(c)

(06 Marks)

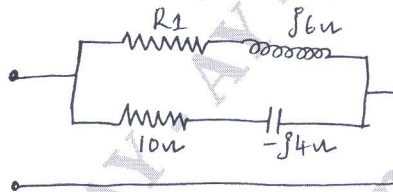
Module-4

- 7 a. Define Quality factor and Bandwidth. Also establish the relationship between Quality factor and Bandwidth in a series resonance circuit and there by prove that $Q = \frac{f_0}{Bw}$, where f_0 is the resonance frequency. (10 Marks)
- b. A series RLC circuit has $R = 10\Omega$, $L = 0.01H$ and $C = 0.01 \mu F$ and it is connected across 10mV supply. Calculate i) f_0 ; ii) Q_0 ; iii) Bandwidth; iv) f_1 and f_2 ; v) I_0 . (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Define the following terms with reference to resonant circuit :
i) Resonance ii) Q-factor iii) Selectivity iv) Bandwidth. (06 Marks)
- b. Derive an expression for the resonant frequency of a parallel resonant circuit. Also show that the circuit is resonant at all frequencies of $R_L = R_C = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$, where $R_L =$ Resistance in the inductor branch, $R_C =$ Resistance in the capacitor branch. (08 Marks)
- c. Find the value of R_1 such that the circuit given in Fig. Q8(c).

Fig.Q8(c)

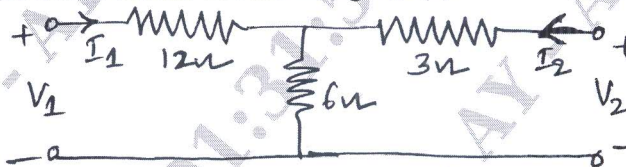


(06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Find the 'Z' parameters of the circuit shown in Fig. Q9(a).

Fig.Q9(a)



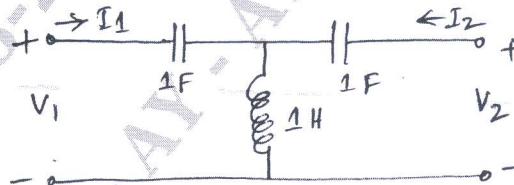
(10 Marks)

- b. The Z-parameters of a two port network are $Z_{11} = 20\Omega$, $Z_{22} = 30\Omega$, $Z_{12} = Z_{21} = 10\Omega$. Find Y and ABCD parameters of the network (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Obtain the h-parameters for the network shown in Fig. Q10(a). (08 Marks)

Fig.Q10(a)



(06 Marks)

- b. Obtain Transmission parameters in terms of hybrid parameters. (06 Marks)
- c. Following short circuit currents and voltages are obtained experimentally for a two port network :
i) With output short circuited : $I_1 = 5mA$; $I_2 = -0.3mA$ and $V_1 = 25V$.
ii) With input short circuited : $I_1 = -5mA$; $I_2 = 10mA$ and $V_2 = 30V$.
Determine Y-parameters. (06 Marks)
