21CV385

Question Paper Version: A

Ehird Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Fire Safety in Buildings

Time: 1 hr.]

[Max. Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1.	Answer all the fifty questions, each question carries one mark.				
2.	Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.				
3.	For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle				
	corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.				
4.	Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.				
5.	Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly				
	prohibited.				
1.	The element of the Fire Triangle are				
	a) Heat, CO ₂ , Fuel b) Heat, Oxygen, Fuel c) Oxygen, Wood, CO ₂ d) None of these				
2.	Any liquid with a flash poin at or above 37.8°C and below 93.3°C is				
	a) Flammable liquid b) Flammable solid				

c) Flammable gases d) Combustible liquid 3. Limitation or removal of oxygen from the scene of fire is called as a) Starvation Effect b) Blanketing Effect c) Inhibiting Effect d) Cooling Effect

Role of Class A extinguishe is a) Used on combustible such as wood and paper b) Used on flammable liquics c) Used on Electrically generalized fire d) Used on non-flammable rietals.

specific heat will heat up more rapidly in fire conditions. 5. Material with a) Low b) High c) Low or high d) None of these

Fire resistance is defined in terms of b) Strength a) Temperature c) Time d) Heat energy

Which of the following has a higher rate of burning? 7. a) Fire in open space b) Fire in an Enclosure d) None of these

c) Both a and b

8. A fire that spreads rapidly through a diffuse fuel, such as dust, gas or vapour of liquid without the production of damaging pressure						
	a) Flash fire	b) Bleve	c) Flash over	d) All of these		
9.	The may be	due to consumption	on of fuel in a fuel-co	ntrolled fire or continued		
	oxygen depletion in a	ventilation control	lled scenario.			
	a) Incipient fire	b) Fire growth	c) Steady state	d) Fire decay		
10.	The cement loses its	s cementing proper	rty due to loss of cher	nically bonded water and		
déhydration of CH at a temperature range of						
	a) 100 – 150°C	b) 200 – 400°C	c) 400 – 600°C	d) 600 – 800°C		
11.	1. Based on National Building Code, amusement, recreation, social, religious etc co					
11.	under which group o	f classification				
	a) Group A	b) Group B	c) Group C	d) Group D		
12	One Fire station shou	ald be located at evi	erv			
12.	a) 2 Sq. miles	b) 3 Sq. miles	c) 4 Sq. miles	d) 1 Sq. mile		
13.		ed as one unit of ex b) 500 mm	e) 300 mm	d) 450 mm		
	a) 250 mm					
14.		imber of square fee	et of floor area required	per occupant		
	a) Exit capacity	b) Exit Discharge	e c) Occupant load	d) Travel distance		
15.	The preferred metho	d of using a fire ex	tinguisher goes by what	acronym?		
	a) Light	b) Putout	c) Pass	d) Fire		
16	type of smol	ke detectors will be	used for kitchens and t	estaurants.		
type of smoke detectors will be used for kitchens and restaurants. a) Ionization smoke detector b) Photoelectric smoke detector						
	c) Heat detector		d) Smoke detecto	r		
177	Dhataalaatria amaka	detector works on	the principles of flow of	f		
17.	a) Beam of light	b) Electric current	nt c) Heat	d) Smoke		
				*		
18.			n case of pressurized ga c) Oxygen	d) Carbon monoxide		
	a) Carbon dioxide	b) Nitrogen	c) Oxygen	d) Carbon monoxide		
19.	What is the purpose	of counter weight?	?	1 1 0		
	a) It looks good	Y14 - 6 A	b) To balance the	load of car laster Dogen's instructions		
	c) To balance the w	eignt of rope	a) 10 commit to i	Taster Dogen's msu decions		
20.	In order to ensure m	ninimum interferen	ce, the maximum travel	distance between users and		
	the lift should be		1-) 250 200 ft			
	a) 100 – 150 ft c) 150 – 200 ft		b) 250 – 300 ft d) 350 – 400 ft			
		Y	a) 330 - 400 it			
21.	1 1 1					
	a) Collection, transformation and treatment of water					
	b) Distribution of water to consumers c) Provision of hydrants for firefighting					
	d) All of the above					
		2 of	4			

38.	Air conditioning involves				
	a) commercial	b) Control of humidity d) All of these			
39.	Room A.C. delivers conditioned air to an end a) Fan b) Ducts	closed space without any c) Blower	d) Air filter		
40.	What is the name of the device which contro a) OLP b) Relay	ls temperature in windo c) Thermostat	w A.C? d) Selector switch		
41.	Alkali Aggregate reaction can be prevented by a) Adding finely powdered silica to the concrete mix b) Cutting the contact of concrete from external source of moisture c) Reducing the alkali content of cement to less than 0.6% d) All the above				
42.	The reaction of carbon dioxide with hydrated a) Corrosion c) Carbonation reaction	d cemert is known asb) Silica-Alkali reaction d) Unsoundness	n		
43.	To reduce the corrosion of reinforcement, the chloride ions should be limited to its critical or threshold value (% by mass of cement) of a) 0.5 b) 0.1 c) 0.15 d) 0.2				
44.	Which test is adopted for assessing the uniformity of the hardened concrete within the structure? a) Ultrasonic Pulse velocity test c) Surface Hardness method d) Pulse echo method.				
45.	instrument is used to determine the concrete over the a) Odometer b) Speedometer c) Pachometer		orcement. d) Tachometer		
46.	White washing is done during a) Annual repair b) Day to day repair	c) Special repair	d) Monthly repair		
47.	type of fibers are used for making a) Carbon fibres b) Glan fibres	helmets and bullet proo c) Aramid fibres	f garments. d) Sisal fibers		
48.	Which of the below material is used for cova) Glue b) Chalkpowder	ering the cracks in the c c) Epoxy resin	oncrete? d) Gypsum		
49.	If the concrete not effected by carbonation is a) Purple b) Blue	is indicated by c	olor. d) Pink		
50.	technique is adopted for improstructure. a) Strengthening of individual footings c) Section Enlargement	b) Near surface mount d) Jacketing			
	of section Emargement	d) sacreting			

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