



CBCS SCHEME

USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

17MT73

Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Determine whether the following CT signals are periodic or not? If periodic determine the fundamental period. i) $\cos t + \sin \sqrt{2}t$ ii) $2\cos 100\pi t + 5\sin 50t$ iii) $\cos 100\pi t + \sin 50\pi t$
iv) $2\cos t + 3\cos \frac{t}{3}$ v) $\cos^2(2\pi t)$. (10 Marks)
- b. State and explain time delay, time advancing, time folding and time scaling operations on signals with relevant sketches. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Find the even and odd components of the signal shown in given below Fig.Q.2(a). (10 Marks)

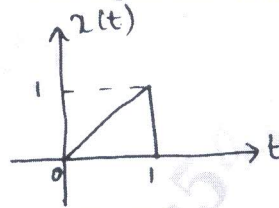


Fig.Q.2(a)

- b. Determine whether the following continuous time system is static or dynamic, linear or non linear, causal or non casual, stable or unstable given $y(t) = 10x(t) + 5$. (10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. For the given signal $x(n) = \{0, 1, 5, 6\}$ $h(n) = \{2, 2, 2\}$ find output $y(n)$ using convolution sum formula method. (10 Marks)
- b. Find $y(t)$ for given signal $x(t) = u(t+1)$ and $h(t) = u(t-2)$. (10 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find $y(t)$ for given signal
 $x(t) = u(t-2) - u(t-4)$
 $h(t) = u(t+1) - 2u(t-1) + u(t-3)$ (10 Marks)
- b. For the following s/m $y(t)$, determine whether s/m is linear, Time Invariant, memory less, causal, stable.
 $y(t) = e^{s(t)}$ (10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Compute the 8 point DFT of the sequence $x(n)$ given below
 $x(n) = [1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]$ (10 Marks)
- b. State and prove i) Circular time shift property and ii) Circular frequency shift property of DFT. (10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42.8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. Find the 8 point DFT of a sequence $x(n) = [1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]$ using DIT-FFT radix 2 algorithm and use the butterfly diagram representation. (10 Marks)
- b. Compute the 4 point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = [1, 2, 1, 0]$ using regular method and matrix method and verify the result. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive an expression for order and cut off frequency of Butterworth filter. (12 Marks)
- b. For the given specification, pass band ripple $\leq 2\text{db}$, stop band attenuation $\geq 20\text{db}$ pass band edge is 1 rad/sec. Stop band edge is 1.3 rad/sec. Find the order N and ϵ . (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Design the Chebyshev filter with following specification $A_p = 2.5\text{dB}$, $\Omega_p = 20$ rad/sec, $A_s = 30\text{dB}$, $\Omega_s = 50$ rad/sec. (14 Marks)
- b. List out the difference between Butterworth filter and Chebyshev filter. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Design a FIR filter with

$$H_d(e^{jw}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w} & \text{for } |w| \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} \quad \text{Using Hamming window with } N = 7. \quad (10 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. The desired frequency response of the low pass filter is given by

$$H_d(e^{jw}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w} & |w| < \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{3\pi}{4} < |w| < \pi \end{cases}$$

Determine the frequency response of the FIR filter. If the Hamming window is used with $N = 7$. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Realize a Linear phase FIR filter having impulse response

$$h(n) = \delta(n) + \frac{1}{4} \delta(n-1) - \frac{1}{8} \delta(n-2) + \frac{1}{4} \delta(n-3) + \delta(n-4). \quad (04 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. Obtain the direct form – I and direct form – II realization for a digital filter described by the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{8z^3 - 4z^2 + 11z - 2}{(z - \frac{1}{4})(z^2 - z + \frac{1}{2})}. \quad (06 \text{ Marks})$$

- c. A FIR filter is given by

$$y(n) = x(n) + \frac{2}{5} x(n-1) + \frac{3}{4} x(n-2) + \frac{1}{3} x(n-3). \quad \text{Draw the Lattice structure.} \quad (10 \text{ Marks})$$
