



BRIDGE COURSE

MATDIP401

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, April 2023 Advanced Mathematics – II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Find the angle between any two diagonals of a cube. (06 Marks)
b. Show that the points $A(-4,9,6)$, $B(-1,6,6)$ and $C(0,7,10)$ form a right angled isosceles triangle. (06 Marks)
c. If $\cos\alpha$, $\cos\beta$, $\cos\gamma$ are direction cosines of a line, then prove that $\sin^2\alpha + \sin^2\beta + \sin^2\gamma = 2$. (08 Marks)
- 2 a. Find the equation of the plane which passes through the point $(3, -3, 1)$ and is normal to the line joining the points $(3, 2, -1)$ and $(2, -1, 5)$. (06 Marks)
b. Derive the equation of the plane in the intercept form $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 1$. (06 Marks)
c. Find the angle between the planes, $x - y + z = 6$ and $2x + 3y + z = -5$. (08 Marks)
- 3 a. Find the unit normal to sum of the vectors $4i - j + 3k$ and $-2i + j - 2k$. (06 Marks)
b. Find $\vec{b} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{c})$, where $\vec{a} = i + j - k$, $\vec{b} = 2i - j + 2k$, $\vec{c} = 3i - j - k$. (06 Marks)
c. Find the angle between the vectors $\vec{a} = 5i - j + k$ and $\vec{b} = 2i - 3j + 6k$. (08 Marks)
- 4 a. A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r} = \cos 2t\mathbf{i} + \sin 2t\mathbf{j} + t\mathbf{k}$. Find its velocity and acceleration. (06 Marks)
b. If $R = xi + yj + zk$, show that $\nabla \cdot R = 3$. (06 Marks)
c. Find the $\text{F.curl}\vec{F}$ where $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1)\mathbf{i} + j - (x + y)\mathbf{k}$. (08 Marks)
- 5 a. A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r} = (1 - t^3)\mathbf{i} + (1 + t^2)\mathbf{j} + (2t - 5)\mathbf{k}$. Determine its velocity and acceleration. (06 Marks)
b. Show that the vector field, $\vec{F} = (3x + 3y + 4z)\mathbf{i} + (x - 2y + 3z)\mathbf{j} + (3x + 2y - z)\mathbf{k}$ is solenoidal. (06 Marks)
c. Find $\text{curl}\vec{A}$ where $\vec{A} = xy\mathbf{i} + y^2z\mathbf{j} + z^2y\mathbf{k}$. (08 Marks)
- 6 a. Find the Laplace transform of $1 + 3t^2 + 4e^{-3t}$. (06 Marks)
b. Find the Laplace transform of $\sin 4t + t^3$. (06 Marks)
c. Find the Laplace transform of $1 + e^{2t} + t^2 + \cosh t$. (08 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, $42+8=50$, will be treated as malpractice.

- 7 a. Find the Laplace transform of $e^{-2t} \sin 4t$. (06 Marks)
b. Find the Laplace transform of $t \sin 2t$. (06 Marks)
c. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+2}{(s-1)(s-3)}$. (08 Marks)
- 8 a. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s^2-5s+6}$. (06 Marks)
b. Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2+1)(s^2+9)}\right\}$, by using convolution theorem. (06 Marks)
c. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{+t}$, $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ by using Laplace transform method. (08 Marks)
