

CBCS SCHEME

15EE54

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023

Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

- Note:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

Module-1

- 1 a. Explain the following signals with respect to continuous time,
i) Exponential Signal
ii) Exponential damped Sino-Soidal Signals
iii) Unit step function
iv) Unit ramp function. (04 Marks)
- b. The discrete time signal $x(n]$ and $y(n]$ are given below :
 $x(n] = \{3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and $y(n] = \{-1, -1, -1, -1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1\}$ sketch $z(n] = x(2n] \cdot y(n - 4)$. (06 Marks)
- c. For the trapezoidal pulse $x(t)$ as shown in Fig.Q1(c) is applied to a differentiator defined by $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$.

Find : i) Resulting output of $y(t)$ of differentiator

ii) The total energy of $y(t)$. (06 Marks)

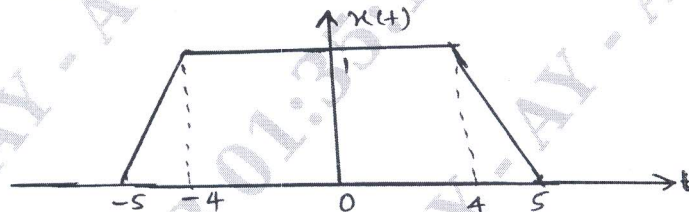


Fig.Q1(c)

OR

- 2 a. Check whether the signal is periodic or not
 $x(t) = \cos\left(\frac{1}{5}\pi t\right) \sin\left(\frac{1}{3}\pi t\right)$. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the even and odd components of the following signals :
i) $y(n] = \{-1, 1, 3, 0, 2, -4\}$
ii) $x(t) = \cos t + \sin t + \sin t \cos t$. (06 Marks)
- c. For given :
$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1; & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 2 - t; & \text{for } 1 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Sketch the :
i) $y(t) = x(-2t - 1)$
ii) $z(t) = x(0.5t + 1)$. (06 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Draw the direct form I and direct form II for the differential equation :
 $y''(t) = 6y'(t) - 7y(t) = x''(t) + 3x(t)$. (04 Marks)
- b. Check whether the system is linear, time invariant and causal for following signals :
 i) $y_1(t) = \cos[x(t)]$
 ii) $y_2(t) = \log_{10}[|x(t)|]$. (06 Marks)
- c. Find the zero-input natural response of the system described by difference equation :
 $y(n) - 3y(n-1) - 4y(n-2) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n$
 with initial conditions $y(-1) = 5$ and $y(-2) = 0$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Determine the step response for the LTI system represented by an impulse response
 $h(t) = t u(t)$. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the convolution integral for :
 $y(t) = u(t+1) * u(t-1)$. (06 Marks)
- c. Solve the differential equation :
 $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 4y = x'(t)$
 with input $x(t) = 2e^{-2t} u(t)$ and initial conditions are $y'(0) = 1$ and $y(0) = 0$. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. State and prove frequency shift property of Fourier transform. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the Fourier transform of signal $x(t) = te^{-2t}u(t)$. Obtain the expressions for the magnitude and phase spectra. (06 Marks)
- c. Find the differential equation that represents the system with the frequency response :
 i) $H_1(j\omega) = \frac{2 + 3j\omega - 3(j\omega)^2}{1 + 2j\omega}$
 ii) $H_2(j\omega) = \frac{-j\omega}{(j\omega)^2 + 5j\omega + 6}$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Find the frequency response and impulse response of the system described by differential equation :
 $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 8y(t) = x(t)$. (04 Marks)
- b. State and prove frequency differentiation property of Fourier transform. (06 Marks)
- c. Find the inverse Fourier transform of
 $X(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega}{(2 + j\omega)^2}$
 Using appropriate properties. (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Find DTFT of the signal $x(n) = 2^n u(-n)$. (04 Marks)
- b. Obtain the frequency response and impulse response of the system for the differential equation :
 $y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = x(n) - 2x(n-1)$. (06 Marks)
- c. State and prove the modulation property with respect to DTFT. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Let $x(n) = \{3, 0, 1, -2, -3, 4, 1, 0, -1\}$ with DTFT $X(e^{j\Omega})$. Evaluate the following :

i) $X(e^{j\Omega})$

ii) $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |X(e^{j\Omega})|^2 d\Omega$

without computing $X(e^{j\omega})$.

(04 Marks)

- b. Find the differential equation that represents the system with frequency response,

$$H(e^{j\Omega}) = 1 + \frac{e^{-j\Omega}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\Omega}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}e^{-j\Omega}\right)}$$

(06 Marks)

- c. Find the time domain signal corresponds to the DTFT is $X(e^{-j\Omega}) = \cos^2 \Omega$.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. State and prove initial value theorem. (04 Marks)
 b. Find the Z-transform of signal $x(n) = -n\alpha^n u(-n-1)$ using appropriate properties. (06 Marks)
 c. Find the inverse Z-transform of :

$$X(z) = \frac{3 - 2z^{-1} + 2^{-2}}{(1 - 2^{-1})\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}\right)^2} \text{ for ROC : } |z| > \frac{1}{3}$$

(06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Find discrete - time sequence $x(n)$ which has Z-transform :

$$X(z) = \frac{-1 + 5z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{3}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2}\right)} \text{ with ROC : } |z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

(04 Marks)

- b. Determine the Z - transform of $x(n) = \sin[\Omega n]u(n)$.

(06 Marks)

- c. Solve the differential equation using unilateral Z - transform :

$$y(n) - \frac{3}{2}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-2) = x(n), n \geq 0,$$

if input $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$ with initial conditions $y(-1) = 4$ and $y(-2) = 10$.

(06 Marks)
