Question Paper Version: D

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 **Additive Manufacturing**

Time: 1 hr.]

STUD I LECTION OF THE SECOND O

[Max. Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- Answer all the **fifty** questions, each question carries one mark. 1.
- 2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
- 3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- 4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
- 5

	Damaging/over writing, using white	thers on the Other sheets are strictly
	prohibited.	
1.	Which of the processes is not using a laser a) LOM c) SLS	b) SLA d) FDM
2.	Full form of FDM is a) Fixed development modelling c) Fusion development modelling	b) Fused deposition modelling d) Focused deposition modelling
3.	Which of the following is typically the che a) FDM c) Powder - based	apest type of 3D printer? b) SLA d) SLM
4.	Which of the following RP system is not do a) Selective laser sintering c) Paper lamination technology	eveloped by 3D systems? b) Multijet modeling system d) Stereolithography apparatus
5.	FDM build plates are prepared by a) Putting hair spray on it c) Putting a glue stick layer on it	b) Putting a layer of printer tapes on it d) All of these
6.	In fused deposition modelling, the raw mat a) Wax c) Powder	erial is used in the form of b) Wine d) All of these
7.	Which one of the following RP techno material? a) Droplet deposition manufacturing c) Laminated object manufacturing	b) Fused deposition modelling d) Selective laser sintering

8.	Which of the process is using the extrusion	n concept?	
	a) SLA	b) SLS	
	c) FDM	d) MJM	
No.			
9.	What printer melts metal?	1) (1) (1)	
	a) SLS	b) SLM	
	c) SLA	d) FDM	
10.	From the following, in which process, the input material is in solid form?		
10.	a) SLA	b) SLS	
	c) FDM	d) MJM	
	0)1 5141	1	
11.	Which of the following is not an example	of additive manufacturing?	
	a) Fused-Deposition modeling	b) SLS	
	c) Electron beam machining	d) Injection molding	
		CAD and 1 Come 2D maintains assuited by	
12.		CAD model from 3D points acquired by	
	scanning/digitizing existing parts/product		
	a) Forward engineering	b) Backward engineering	
	c) Reverse engineering	d) Product engineering	
13.	A computer model of a part design on a C	AD system is called which of the following?	
13.	a) Computer prototype	b) Geometric prototype	
	c) Solid prototype	d) Virtual prototype	
	c) Solid prototype	a)	
14.	Which file type is most commonly export	ed from CAD software?	
	a) SLDRT	b) JPG	
	c) STL	d) X3G	
15.	Which of the following is least important		
	a) Machine size	b) Tolerance	
	c) Material	d) CAD software	
16.	In the entire reverse engineering process:	for product design, which one is the first step?	
10.	a) CAD model updating	b) CAD Modeling	
	c) Data pre-processing	d) Data capturing	
	c) Data pre-processing	a) Butte capturing	
17.	Which CAD software cannot be used to c	reate data for the prototyping machine?	
	a) CREO	b) CATIA	
	c) NX Unigraphics	d) Adobe Illustrator	
		2	
18.	The STL files translate the part geometry	•	
	a) CNC Machine	b) CMM Machine	
	c) RP Machine	d) CAPP Machine	
19.	Full form of STL is		
17.	a) Straight - Lithography	b) Steroto - Lithography	
	c) Stereo - Lithography	d) Straight - Lithography	
	of Stores Dialography	a, Sumgue Dimography	
20.	Which one is not related to rapid prototyping definition?		
	a) Layer by layer	b) Physical model	
	c) From 3D CAD data	d) Production line	

21.	The process suitable for the production of parts molds and dies that are made out of steel is				
	a) Selective laser sinteringc) Direct metal deposition	b) Fused deposition modelling d) Laminated object manufacturing			
22	Direct metal demonities are assessed				
22.	Direct metal deposition process uses a) Metallic powders c) Either a or b	b) Metal wires d) Neither a nor b			
23.	Direct metal deposition uses a) Lasers c) Powder Metallurgy	b) Sensors d) All of these			
24.	Direct metal deposition uses software devel a) Chalmers University of Technology c) Arcam AB, Sweden	oped by b) Optomec Inc. d) University of Texas, Austin			
25.	Direct metal deposition is a) Laser – assisted direct metal manufacturing process b) An X-ray assisted direct metal manufacturing process c) A microwave assisted direct metal manufacturing process d) An electromagnetic direct metal manufacturing process				
26.	Electron Beam melting was developed by a) Chalmers University of Technology, Swe b) Optomec Inc. c) University of Texas, Austin d) None of these	eden			
27.	Direct metal deposition uses a) Two axis tables c) Four axis tables	b) Three axis tables d) Five axis tables			
28.	Ballistic particle manufacturing is anothe technologies? a) Droplet deposition manufacturing c) Laminated object manufacturing	b) Fused deposition modelling d) Selective laser sintering			
29.	Which one of the following is not Extrusion a) Fused deposition modelling c) Sheet lamination	a-based RP system? b) 3D printing d) Electron beam melting			
30.	process'? a) Titanium alloys	b) Photopolymer			
	c) Various materials	d) Paper			
31.	Which type of printer uses an enclosed build a) SLA c) MDS	d area? b) SLS d) FDM			

32.	Which of the following is used as base mate	rial in stereolithography process?	
	a) Thermoplastics, Metal powders	b) Photopolymer	
	c) Thermoplastics, Eutectic metals	d) Titanium alloys	
22	Which type of 3D printer uses a pool of resi	n to create the solid part?	
33.	a) FDM	b) SLA	
	c) SNL	d) None of these	
	C) SIVE		
34.	SLA printer's package material is in a		
	a) Chain	b) Spool	
	c) Cartridge	d) None of these	
35.	Which of the process is available in colors?		
33,	a) SLM	b) FDM	
	c) MJM	d) 3D printer	
		TV*	
36.	Which of the process, the input material is i		
	a) LOM	b) SLS	
	c) FDM	d) MJM	
37.	Of all of the current material addition ra	apid prototyping technologies, which one is	
57.	widely used?		
	a) Ballistic particle manufacturing	b) Stereolithography	
	c) Selective laser sintering	d) Solid ground curing	
2.0	NT: 1 Cd. Cd. and DD. Andread arise ve	as mary days as the starting material?	
38.	Which of the following RP technologies us a) Droplet deposition manufacturing	b) Fused – deposition modeling	
	c) Selective laser sintering	d) Stereolithography	
39.	Which of the following RP technologies us	es molten material as the starting material?	
	a) Three – dimensional printing	b) Fused deposition modelling	
	c) Stereolithography	d) Selective laser sintering	
40	Which of the following repid prototyning t	processes uses a photosensitive liquid polymer	
40.	as starting material?	processes asses a photosensia to inquita porymer	
	a) Droplet deposition manufacturing	b) Used deposition modelling	
	c) Laminated Object Manufacturing	d) Stereolithography	
41.		h) Commettical data	
	a) Mass properties of the modelc) Drawing data	b) Geometrical data d) All of these	
	c) Drawing data	d) All of these	
42.	STL file format is represented by interaction	n of	
	a) Lines and hexagons	b) Lines and rectangles	
	c) Lines and triangles	d) Lines and circles	
42	Which of the following is not liquid based	DD system?	
43.	Which of the following is not liquid-based a) Stereolithography apparatus	b) Laminated Object Manufacturing	
	c) Solid Ground Curing (SGC)	d) Solid object ultraviolet-laser printer	
	e, sond Ground Curing (GGC)	a, some cojest and more position	
44.	Which of the following is the last step of the rapid prototyping process?		
	a) 3D Modelling	b) Data conversion	
	c) Building	d) Post processing	
	V ersio	nD-4 of 5	

45.	which the format cannot be conve	ried into	STL me form	at?
	a) .prt		b) .sld	
	c).dwg		d) .stp	
	c).dwg		u) .stp	
	n		, etc.	
46.	Process of converting STL file mo	del into la	ayers is called	in Rapid prototyping.
	a) Chopping		b) Slicing	
	c) Cutting		d) Trimming	
	c) catting		a) Illimining	
47				
47.	What is the format for the prototyp	ing macr		a de la companya de l
	a) .prt		b) .slt	And
	c).stl		d) .iges	
			, 0	
48.	Choose the correct sequence to get	nerate pro	totyne	
40.	Choose the correct sequence to generate prototype a) 3D CAD data – CAD solid model – STL file – RP prototype. b) CAD solid model – 3D CAD data – RP prototype – STL file c) STL file – 3D CAD data – CAD solid model – RP prototype			- -
				2 1
				L file
				otype
	d) 3D CAD data – STL file – CAD			• 1
	d) 3D CAD data STE IIIC CAE	bond in	sacr ta prote	осурс
40	W/L:=L - C4L - C-11	A		
49.	Which of the following is not subs	tractive p		
	a) Milling		b) Stereo - L	ithography
	c) Swing		d) EDM	
			,	
50.	Which of the following is a step of	the ranio	nrototyning r	process?
50.		-	r prototyping r	process.
	a) Create a CAD model of the desi	_		
	b) Convert the CAD model to STL	format		
	c) Slice the STL file into thin cross-sectional layers			
	d) All of the mentioned above			
	a) in or the mentioned doore			