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MATDIP301

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Advanced Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a. Find the modulus and amplitude of
$$\frac{1}{1-\cos\alpha+i\sin\alpha}$$
. (07 Marks)

b. Express
$$\frac{(3+i)(1-3i)}{2+i}$$
 in the form of x + iy. (06 Marks)

2 a. Find the nth derivative of
$$\frac{x}{(x+1)(2x+1)}$$
. (07 Marks)

c. If
$$y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$$
 show that $x^2y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2+1)y_n = 0$. (07 Marks)

3 a. Show that the following pairs of curves intersect orthogonally
$$r_1 = a (1 + \sin \theta)$$
 and $r_2 = a(1 - \sin \theta)$.

b. With usual notations prove that
$$\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$$
. (06 Marks)

c. Expand
$$\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x}$$
 by Maclaurin's series upto the term containing x^4 . (07 Marks)

b. If
$$u = f(x - y, y - z, z - x)$$
 show that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$. (06 Marks)

c. If
$$u = x + 3y^2 - z^3$$
, $v = 4x^2yz$, $w = 2z^2 - xy$ find $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ at $(1, -1, 0)$. (07 Marks)

5 a. Obtain a reduction formula for
$$I_n = \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x \, dx$$
, n being a positive integer. (07 Marks)

b. Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{\sqrt{x}} (x^2 + y^2) \, dy \, dx$$
 (06 Marks)

c. Evaluate
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{0}^{z} \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x+y+z) \, dy \, dx \, dz$$
. (07 Marks)

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6 a. Prove that
$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$
. (07 Marks)

b. Express
$$I = \int_{0}^{1} x^{3/2} (1-x)^{1/2} dx$$
 in terms of beta function. (06 Marks)

c. Show that
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} \times \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta = \pi.$$
 (07 Marks)

7 a. Solve:
$$(2x + y + 1) dx + (x + 2y + 1) dy = 0$$
. (07 Marks)

b. Solve
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \cos x$$
. (06 Marks)
c. Solve: $\sec^2 x \tan y dx + \sec^2 y \tan x dy = 0$. (07 Marks)

c. Solve:
$$\sec^2 x \tan y dx + \sec^2 y \tan x dy = 0$$
. (07 Marks)

8 a. Solve:
$$6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 17\frac{dy}{dx} + 12y = e^{-x}$$
. (07 Marks)

b. Solve:
$$4\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} - 8\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 7\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$$
. (06 Marks)

c. Solve:
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - y = 3\cos 2x$$
. (07 Marks)