

- c. A parallel circuit consists of  $20\Omega$  in series with an inductive reactance of  $15\Omega$  in one branch and a resistance of  $30\Omega$  in series with a capacitive reactance of  $20\Omega$  in the other branch. Determine the current and power dissipated in each branch if the total current drawn is  $10\angle -30^\circ$  Amps. (06 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Derive the EMF equation of a single phase transformer. (06 Marks)  
 b. With a neat sketch, illustrate 2 way and three way control of lamps. (08 Marks)  
 c. A single phase, 25 KVA transformer has 1000 primary turns and 2500 secondary turns. The net cross-sectional area of the core is  $100\text{cm}^2$ , when the primary winding is connected to 550V, 50Hz supply, calculate :  
 i) The maximum value of flux density in the core  
 ii) The voltage induced in the secondary winding  
 iii) The primary and secondary full load currents  
 iv) Voltage induced per turn on primary and secondary. (06 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. Develop an expression for the efficiency of a transformer and hence obtain the condition for the maximum efficiency. (06 Marks)  
 b. In a 100KVA, 2000/200V single phase transformer, the iron and full load copper losses are 960watts and 1200watts respectively. Calculate the efficiency at i) full load,  $\text{upf}$  ii) half full load,  $0.8\text{pf}$  iii) The load KVA corresponding to the maximum efficiency. (06 Marks)  
 c. What is earthing? With a neat figure, explain plate and pipe earthing. (08 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. With a neat sketch, explain the construction of a dc generator, and state the function of each part. (08 Marks)  
 b. Derive an expression for the torque developed in the armature of a DC motor. (06 Marks)  
 c. An 8 pole lap connected armature has 960 conductors, a flux of  $40\text{mwb/pole}$  and a speed of 400rpm. Calculate the emf generated. If the armature were wave connected, at what speed must it be driven to generate 400V? (06 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Develop the emf equation of a DC generator. (06 Marks)  
 b. Sketch the torque Vs  $I_a$  characteristics and speed Vs  $I_a$  characteristics of dc shunt motor and dc series motor and explain. (08 Marks)  
 c. A 4 pole DC shunt motor takes 22A from 220V supply. The armature and field resistances are  $0.5\Omega$  and  $100\Omega$  respectively. The armature is lap connected with 300 conductors. If the flux per pole is  $20\text{mwb}$ , calculate the speed and gross torque. (06 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Explain the concept of rotating magnetic field in case of a 3phase induction motor. (08 Marks)  
 b. Explain how stationary armature is advantageous in case of an alternator. (05 Marks)  
 c. A 16 pole, 3 phase alternator has star connected winding with 144 slots and 10 conductors /slot. The flux per pole is  $0.03\text{wb}$  and the speed is 375rpm. Find the frequency and line emf generated. Given :  $K_d = 0.96$ ,  $K_p = 1$ . (07 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Derive the Emf equation of a synchronous, generator, with  $K_p$  and  $K_d$ . (08 Marks)  
 b. Define the slip of an induction motor and derive the expression for frequency of rotor current. (06 Marks)  
 c. A 6 pole induction motor is supplied from a  $3\phi$ , 50Hz supply has a rotor frequency of 2.3Hz. Solve for the percentage slip and the speed of the motor. (06 Marks)