Librarian Learning Resource (CORCE SCHEME
USN Acharya Institut	es

15EC45

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Principles of Communication Systems

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Derive an expression for time domain description of an AM wave with neat waveforms.
 - b. Explain the method of obtaining practical synchronous receiving system with DSBSC modulated wave using COSTAS LOOP. (06 Marks)
 - c. A 400W carrier is modulated on a depth of 75%, calculate the total power in the modulated wave for the following form of AM.
 - i) Double Side Band with Full Carrier (DSBFC)
 - ii) Double Side Band with Suppressed Carrier (DSBSC)
 - iii) Single Side Band suppressed carrier (SSB).

(03 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the generation of DSB-SC modulated waves using ring modulator. (07 Marks)
 - b. With a relevant block diagram, explain the working of FDM system. (05 Marks)
 - c. What is the significance of single side band modulation? Give the frequency domain description of the same. (04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Derive the equation for single tone FM wave. Define modulation index, maximum deviation of a frequency modulated signal. (05 Marks)
 - b. With a neat diagram, explain FM demodulation using balanced slope detector. (06 Marks)
 - c. A single tone FM signal is given by $s(t) = 10\sin[16\pi \times 10^6 t + 20\sin 2\pi \times 10^3 t]$ volts. Determine: i) Modulation index ii) Modulation frequency iii) Frequency deviation iv) Carrier frequency v) Power of FM signal across 100Ω resistor. (05 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain generation of frequency modulated signal using direct method. (05 Marks)
 - b. Explain the non linear model of Phase Lock Loop (PLL). (06 Marks)
 - c. With relevant block diagram, explain FM stereo multiplexing and demultiplexing. (05 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Define mean and covariance function with respect to stationary random process. (04 Marks)
 - b. Define PDF. Explain its important properties.

(06 Marks)

- c. Prove the following two properties of the auto correlation function $R_x(\tau)$ of a random process x(t).
 - i) If x(t) contains a d.c component equal to A, then $R_x(\tau)$ will contain a constant component equal to A^2 .
 - ii) If x(t) contains a sinusoidal component then $R_x(\tau)$ will also contain a sinusoidal component of the same frequency. (06 Marks)

(05 Marks)

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- a. Define white noise. Plot Power Spectral Density (PSD) and autocorrelation function of white noise.
 b. Define noise equivalent band width. Derive the expression for the same.
 (06 Marks)
 (06 Marks)
 - c. Let x be a continuous random variable having a uniform probability distribution defined in the range $2 \le x \le 4$. Let y = 3x + 2. Find mean m_x and m_y . (04 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Prove that the figure of merit of a DSB-SC system is unity.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain pre-emphasis and de-emphasis in frequency modulation.

(08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Show that the figure of merit of a noisy FM receiver for single tone modulation is $3/2 \beta^2$.

 (08 Marks)
 - b. Find the figure of merit in AM when depth of modulation is i) 100% ii) 60% iii) 25% (03 Marks)
 - c. Write a short note on FM threshold reduction.

Module-5

- 9 a. With necessary diagram, explain the generation and reconstruction of Pulse Code Modulation (PCM). (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the sampling theorem for low pass signals. Derive the equation for sampled signal in the frequency domain and sketch the spectrum. (07 Marks)
 - c. What are the advantages of digital signals over analog? (03 Marks)

OR

- a. With neat diagram, explain the generation of Pulse-Position Modulation (PPM). (06 Marks)
 - b. With neat diagram, explain the concept of Time-Division Multiplexing (TDM). (06 Marks)
 - c. Show that the signal-to-noise ratio of an uniform quantizer is equal to 1.8 + 6N. (04 Marks)

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