# Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 **Finite Element Analysis**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

Explain the basic steps involved in FEM.

(05 Marks)

Explain briefly Node location system and node numbering scheme in FEM.

(04 Marks)

c. Derive an expression for total potential energy of elastic body subjected to body force, (07 Marks) traction force and a point force.

OR

Using Rayleigh-Ritz method, determine the displacement at mid-point and stress variation in one dimensional bar as shown in Fig.Q2(a).

$$A = 1$$

$$E = 1$$
Fig.Q2(a)

(07 Marks)

Write an equilibrium equation of a 3-D elastic body subjected to a body force. (03 Marks)

Write an Interpolation polynomial function for linear, quadratic and cubic elements (Line (06 Marks) and Triangular).

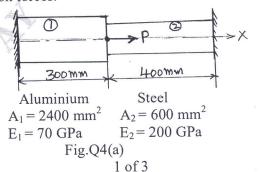
Module-2

- Derive the shape function for 1-D Quadratic element in natural coordinates. (06 Marks)
  - Find the shape function for a 3-noded Constant Strain Triangular (CST) elements. (06 Marks)
  - Evaluate the following integral using two point Gauss-Integration method.

$$I = \int_{-1}^{+1} \left[ 3e^{\xi} + \xi^2 + \frac{1}{(\xi + 2)} \right] d\xi$$
 (04 Marks)

OR

- Consider the bar shown in Fig.Q4(a). An axial load  $P = 200 \times 10^3$  N is applied as shown. Using penalty approach for handling boundary conditions do the following:
  - (i) Determine the Nodal displacement.
  - (ii) Determine the Stress in each element.
  - (iii) Determine the reaction forces.



(10 Marks)

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

- b. Consider the truss shown in Fig.Q4(b), X-Y coordinates of the two nodes are indicated in the figure. If  $q = [1.5, 1.0, 2.1, 4.3]^T \times 10^{-2}$  mm. Take E = 300 GPa, A = 100 mm<sup>2</sup>. Determine the following:
  - (i) Local coordinates (q') (ii) Stress in the element (i
- (iii) Stiffness matrix of the element.

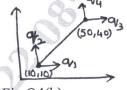


Fig.Q4(b)

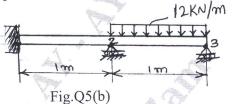
(06 Marks)

### Module-3

5 a. Derive Hermit shape function for a beam element.

(06 Marks)

b. For the beam and loading shown in Fig.Q5(b), determine the slopes at 2 and 3 and the vertical deflection at the midpoint of the distributed load. Take E = 200 GPa,  $I = 4 \times 10^6$  mm<sup>4</sup>.



(10 Marks)

# OR

6 a. Derive the stiffness matrix for a circular shaft subjected to pure torsion.

(06 Marks)

b. A hallow circular shaft 2m long is firmly supported at each end and has an outside diameter 80mm and inside diameter 63.8mm. The shaft is subjected to a torque of 12 kN-m applied at a point 1.5m from one end. Calculate the maximum shear stress and angle of twist in the shaft. The shear modulus  $G = 8 \times 10^4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . (10 Marks)

## Module-4

- 7 a. Derive the element stiffness matrix for one dimensional heat conduction. (06 Marks)
  - b. A wall of 0.6m thickness having thermal conductivity of 12 W/mK. The wall is to be insulated with a material thickness of 0.06m having an average thermal conductivity of 0.3 W/mK. The inner surface temperature is 1000°C and the outside of the insulation is exposes to an atmospheric air at 30°C with heat transfer coefficient 35 W/m<sup>2</sup>K. Calculate the nodal temperatures. (10 Marks)

#### OR

8 a. Briefly explain one dimensional heat transfer in thin films.

(04 Marks)

- b. Deduce the Governing differential equation for one dimensional fluid flow through a process medium. (06 Marks)
- e. Derive the stiffness matrix for one dimensional fluid element.

(06 Marks)

#### Module-5

a. Derive the stiffness matrix of axisymmetric bodies with triangular elements.

(08 Marks)

b. Evaluate the Nodal forces used to replace the linearly varying surface traction shown in Fig.Q9(b).

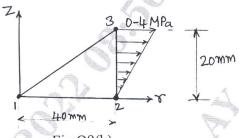


Fig.Q9(b)

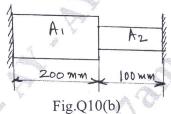
(08 Marks)

OR

10 a. Derive the consistent mass matrix for truss element.

(06 Marks)

b. For the stepped bar shown in Fig.Q10(b), determine the eigen values and eigen vector. Take  $A_1 = 400 \text{ mm}^2$ ,  $\rho = 7850 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , E = 200 GPa,  $A_2 = 200 \text{ mm}^2$ . (10 Marks)



\* \* \* \* \*