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15CS36

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Discrete Mathematical Structures

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Let p, q be primitive statements for which the implication  $p \rightarrow q$  is false. Determine the truth values for each of the following:

i)  $p \land q$  ii)  $\neg p \lor q$  iii)  $q \rightarrow p$  iv)  $\neg q \rightarrow \neg p$ 

(04 Marks)

b. Verify that  $[p \to (q \to r)] \to [(p \to q) \to (p \to r)]$  is a Tautology.

(04 Marks)

c. Establish the validity of the following argument:

 $\forall x, [p(x) \lor q(x)]$ 

 $\exists x(\neg p(x)]$ 

 $\forall x [\neg q(x) \lor r(x)]$ 

 $\frac{\forall x \ [s(x) \to \neg \ r(x)]}{\therefore \ \exists x \to s(x)}$ 

(04 Marks)

d. Use method of exhaustion to show that every even integer n with  $2 \le n \le 26$  can be written as a sum of at most 3 perfect squares. (04 Marks)

OR

2 a. For the universe of all real numbers, define the following open statements,  $p(x): x \ge 0$ ,  $q(x): x^2 \ge 0$ ,  $r(x): x^2 - 3 > 0$ . Determine the truth value of the following statements.

i)  $\exists x, p(x) \land q(x)$  ii)  $\forall x, p(x) \rightarrow q(x)$  iii)  $\forall x, q(x) \rightarrow r(x)$ 

b. Without using truth tables, prove the following logical equivalence  $[(p \lor q) \land (p \lor \neg q)] \lor q \Leftrightarrow p \lor q$ .

(04 Marks) (04 Marks)

c. Find the negation of the following quantified statement:

 $\forall x, \exists y \left[ \{ p(x, y) \land q(x, y) \} \rightarrow r(x, y) \right]$ 

(04 Marks)

d. Disprove the statement: "The sum of two odd integers is an odd integer". (04 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Prove by mathematical induction that for every positive integer n, 5 divides  $n^5 - n$ .

(04 Marks)

b. Find an explicit definition of the sequence defined recursively by  $a_1 = 7$ ,  $a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 1$  for  $n \ge 2$ . (04 Marks)

c. Find the number of proper divisors of 44100.

(04 Marks)

d. Find the coefficient of

i)  $x^2 y^2 z^3$  is the expansion of  $(3x - 2y - 4z)^7$ 

ii)  $a^2 b^3 c^2 d^5$  is the expansion of  $(a + 2b - 3c + 2d + 5)^{16}$ 

(04 Marks)

OR

4 a. Prove by mathematical induction that

$$1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + \dots + n \cdot (n+1) = \frac{1}{3} n (n+1) (n+2)$$
 (04 Marks)

- b. For the Fibonacci sequence  $F_0$ ,  $F_1$ ,  $F_2$ ,.... Prove that  $F_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[ \left( \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \left( \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right]$  (04 Marks)
- c. Prove the following identities:
  - i) c(n, r-1) + c(n, r) = c(n+1, r)
  - ii) c(m, 2) + c(n, 2) = c(m + n, 2) mn (04 Marks)
- d. Find the number of non negative integer solutions of the inequality  $x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_6 < 10$ . (04 Marks)

### Module-3

- Show that every set of seven distinct integers includes two integers x and y such that at least one of x + y or x y is divisible by 10. (04 Marks)
  - b. Let f and g be functions from R to R defined by f(x) = ax + b and  $g(x) = 1 x + x^2$ . If (gof)  $x^2 = ax^2 - 9x + 3$ . Determine a and b. (04 Marks)
  - c. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and R be a relation on A defined by aRb if and only if a is a multiple of b. Represent the relation R as a matrix and draw its digraph. (04 Marks)
  - d. Draw the Hasse diagram representing the positive divisors of 36. (04 Marks)

# OR

- 6 a. Let A and B be finite sets with |A| = m and |B| = n
  - i) Find how many functions are possible from A to B.
  - ii) If there are 2187 functions from A to B and |B| = 3 what is |A|? (05 Marks)
  - b. ABC is an equilateral triangle whose sides are of length 1cm each. If we select 5 points inside the triangle, prove that at least 2 of these points are such that the distance between them is less than 1/2cm.

    (05 Marks)
  - c. Let A = B = C = R and  $f: A \to B$  and  $g: B \to C$  be defined by f(a) = 2a + 1,  $g(b) = \frac{1}{3}b$ ,  $\forall a \in A, \forall b \in B$ . Compute gof and show that gof is invertible. What is  $(gof)^{-1}$ ? (06 Marks)

#### Module-4

- 7 a. How many integers between 1 and 300 (inclusive) are
  - i) Divisible by atleast one of 5, 6, 8?
  - ii) Divisible by none of 5, 6, 8?

(04 Marks)

- b. In how many ways can the 26 letters of the English alphabet be permuted so that none of the patterns CAR, DOG, PUN or BYTE occurs? (04 Marks)
- c. For the positive integers 1, 2, 3,....n there are 11660 derangements where 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 appear in the first five positions. What is the value of n? (04 Marks)
- d. Find the rook polynomial for the board C shown below (made up of unshaded parts).

(04 Marks)

		2
3	4	5
1/1/2	6	1///

- Find the number of non-negative integer solutions of the equation  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 18$ .
  - In how many ways can the integers 1, 2, 3,.... 10 be arranged in a line so that no even integer is in its natural place. (05 Marks)
  - Solve the recurrence relation

 $a_n - 6a_{n-1} + 9a_{n-2} = 0$  for  $n \ge 2$  given that  $a_0 = 5$ ,  $a_1 = 12$ .

(05 Marks)

# Module-5

Define isomorphism. Verify the two graphs are isomorphic.





Fig.Q.9(a)

(05 Marks)

- b. Let  $T_1 = (V_1, E_1)$  and  $T_2 = (V_2, E_2)$  be two trees. If  $|E_1| = 19$  and  $|V_2| = 3|V_1|$ , determine  $|V_1|, |V_2|$  and  $|E_2|$ . (05 Marks)
- c. Construct an optimal prefix code for the letters of the word 'ENGINEERING'. Hence deduce the code for this word. (06 Marks)

#### OR

- Show that a connected graph with exactly two vertices of odd degree has an Euler Trial. 10 (05 Marks)
  - b. Using the merge sort method, sort the list 7, 3, 8, 4, 5, 10, 6, 2, 9. (05 Marks)
  - c. Consider the prefix code

a:111, b:0, c:1100, d:1101, e:10

Using this code decode the following sequences:

ii) 101111100110001101 iii) 1101111110010 (06 Marks)