

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022

### Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

#### Module-1

- 1 a. Derive the expression for Star to Delta and Delta to star transformation. (10 Marks)  
 b. Use loop analysis to determine  $I_x$  and  $V_x$  in the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(b).

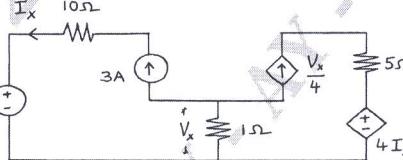


Fig.Q1(b)

(06 Marks)

**OR**

- 2 a. Find the power loss in R ( $1\Omega$ ) resistor using star and delta transformation for the network shown in Fig.Q2(a).

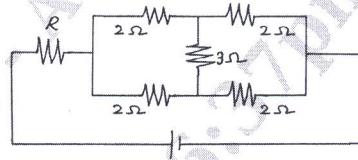


Fig.Q2(a)

(07 Marks)

- b. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(b), determine the node voltages.

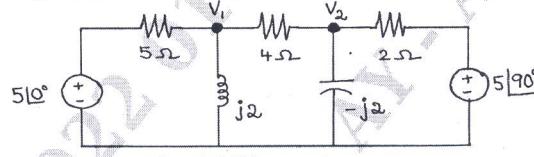


Fig.Q2(b)

(09 Marks)

#### Module-2

- 3 a. Using Norton's theorem, find the current through the resistance of  $16\Omega$  for the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(a).

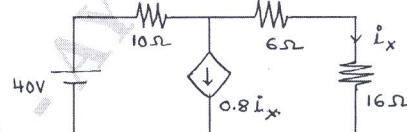


Fig.Q3(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. Using maximum power transfer theorem, find the maximum power transfer to the load for the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(b).

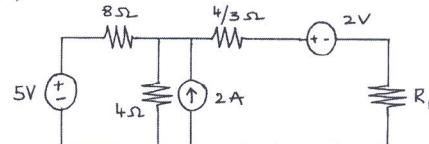


Fig.Q3(b)

(08 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. Using superposition theorem, find the current,  $I$  for the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(a).

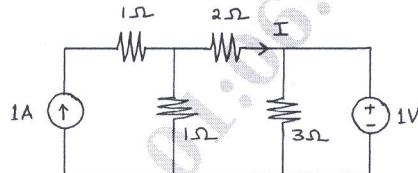


Fig.Q4(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. Using Millman's theorem, find the current in the impedance,  $Z_1$ , for the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b).

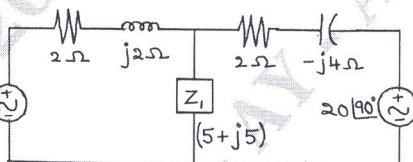


Fig.Q4(b)

(08 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q5(a), the switch, K, is changed from position 1 to 2 at  $t = 0$  (Steady state condition having reached before switching). Find  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ .

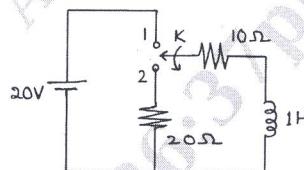


Fig.Q5(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q5(b), the switch, K, is opened at  $t = 0$ . Find the values of  $v$ ,  $\frac{dv}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2v}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ .

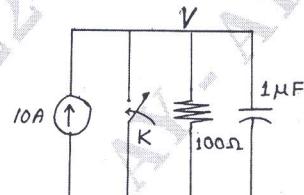


Fig.Q5(b)

(08 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. Find the Laplace transform of;

$$(i) f(t) = u(t)$$

$$(ii) f(t) = t$$

- b. Obtain the Laplace transform of saw tooth waveform shown in Fig.Q6(b).

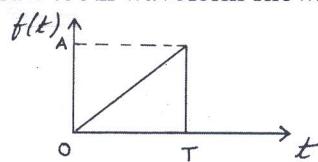


Fig.Q6(b)

(08 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. A 220 V, 100 Hz source supplies a series RLC circuit with a capacitor and a coil. If the coil has  $50 \text{ m}\Omega$  and  $5 \text{ mH}$ , find at a resonance frequency of 100 Hz, the value of C. Also find Q,  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ .  
 b. Find the value of  $R_1$  for the circuit shown in Fig.Q7(b) such that the given circuit is resonant.

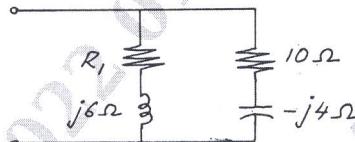


Fig.Q7(b)

(08 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. A series RLC circuit is shown in Fig.Q8(a). Determine (i) quality factor (ii) bandwidth (iii) resonance frequency and (iv) half power frequencies.

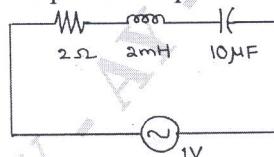


Fig.Q8(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. Derive the expressions of a resonance frequency and dynamic impedance of a parallel resonance circuit.  
 (08 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Derive the expression of Z-parameters in terms of h-parameters.  
 b. Find the Y-parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q9(b).  
 (08 Marks)

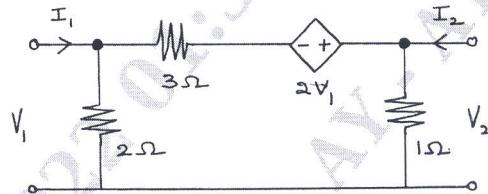


Fig.Q9(b)

(08 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Derive the expression of ABCD-parameters in terms of Y-parameters.  
 b. Find the h-parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q10(b).  
 (08 Marks)

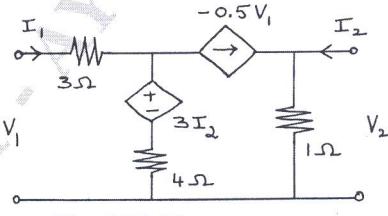


Fig.Q10(b)

(08 Marks)

\* \* \* \* \*