GBGS SCHEME

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Acharya Institute & Technology

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15EE54

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Explain the following classes of signals
 - i) Periodic an Non-periodic signals
 - ii) Energy and power signals

(04 Marks)

b. Find the even and odd parts of the signal x(t) shown in Fig Q1(b).

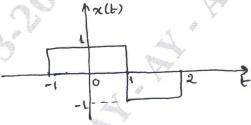


Fig Q1(b)

(04 Marks)

- c. Sketch the waveforms for the following signals:
 - i) $x_1(t) = u(t+2) 2u(t) + u(t-2)$
 - ii) $x_2(t) = -u(t+3) + 2u(t+1) 2u(t-1) + u(t-3)$
 - iii) $x_3(t) = r(t+1) r(t) + r(t-2)$
 - iv) $x_4(t) = r(t+2) r(t+1) r(t-1) + r(t-2)$

(08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Determine the average power and the energy of the following sequences:
 - i) $x_1(n) = nu(n)$
 - ii) $x_2(n) = A_0 e^{J\Omega_0 n}$

(06 Marks)

- b. Determine whether the system described by, $y(t) = e^{x(t)}$ is:
 - i) Linear
 - ii) Time invariant
 - iii) Stable.

(06 Marks)

c. A discrete time system is represented by the following input output relation: y(n) = 2x(n) + 3x(n-1) + 4x(n-2) + 5x(n-3). Draw the block diagram showing the parallel implementation of system operator 'H'. (04 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Find the convolution of the two discrete sequence given below:

$$x_1(n) = 2^n u(-n-1)$$

$$x_2(n) = 4^n u(-n-1)$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Evaluate the step response for the LTI system represented by the impulse response, $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$. (04 Ma)
- c. Determine whether the system described by its impulse response $h(n) = e^{2n} u (n-1)$ is
 - i) Causal
 - ii) Stable.

(04 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find the response of the system described by the difference equation $y(n) + 4y(n-1) + 4y(n-2) = 2^n u(n)$ with y(-1) = 0, y(-2) = 1. (08 Marks)
 - Draw the direct form I and direct form II implementation for the system described by the differential equation $\frac{d^3y(t)}{dt^3} + 2\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 3y(t) = x(t) + 3\frac{dx(t)}{dt}.$ (08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. State and prove duality property of continuous time Fourier transformer. (04 Marks)
 - b. Find the Fourier transform of a rectangular pulse described below:

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & |t| < a \\ 0, & |t| > a \end{cases}$$
. Also sketch the magnitude and phase spectra. (08 Marks)

c. Find the inverse Fourier transform of x(jw) for the spectra shown in Fig Q5(c) i) and Fig Q5(c) ii) below:

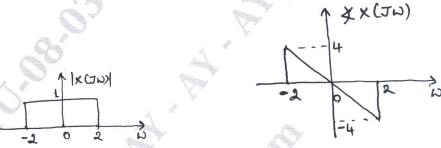


Fig Q5(c) i)

Fig Q5(c) ii) (04 Marks)

OF

- 6 a. Determine the frequency response of the system described by the impulse response, $h(t) = \delta(t) 2e^{-2t}u(t)$. Also sketch the spectra. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the frequency response and the impulse response of the system described by the differential equation:

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 3\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = x(t). \text{ What is the response of the system is } x(t) = t \text{ e}^{-t}u(t)?$$
(10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. State and prove summation property of discrete time Fourier transforms. (05 Marks)
 - b. Compute the DTFT of the signal, $x(n) = \cos\left(0.2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ and sketch the amplitude and phase spectra over $-\pi \le \Omega \le \pi$. (07 Marks)
 - c. Find the inverse DTFT of $x(e^{j\Omega}) = e^{-j4\Omega}$, $\frac{\pi}{2} < |\Omega| < \pi$ (04 Marks)

OF

8 a. Determine the frequency response and the impulse response of the system described by the difference equation $y(n) - \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = x(n) + \frac{1}{2}x(n-1)$. What is the response of the system

to an input
$$x(n) = Cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right)$$
 (08 Marks)

b. Obtain the difference equation forth system with the frequency response

$$H(e^{j\Omega}) = \frac{1 - e^{-j\Omega} - 3e^{-j2\Omega}}{1 + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)e^{-j\Omega} + \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)e^{-j2\Omega}}.$$
 (04 Marks)

c. Find the difference equation for the system having impulse response

$$h(n) = \delta(n) + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$
 (04 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Determine the z-transform of the signal $x(n) = \frac{1}{n}(-2)^{-n}u(-n-1)$. Sketch the ROC.
 - b. Find the z-transform of the sequence $x(n) = n \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right) u(-n)$, using appropriate properties. (05 Marks)
 - c. Find the inverse z-transform of $x(z) = \log \left(\frac{1}{1 az^{-1}} \right)$, |z| > |a| (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. A system has an impulse response given by $h(n) = 2\delta(n) + \frac{5}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) \frac{7}{2} \left(\frac{-1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$. Find the transfer function of the inverse system. (05 Marks)
 - b. Determine whether the system described below is causal and stable

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 + \frac{14}{8}z^{-1} + \frac{49}{64}z^{-2}}.$$
 (05 Marks)

c. Find the value of x(0) for the left sided sequence, x(n) which is zero for n > 0, if

$$x(z) = \frac{3z^{-1} + 2z^{-2}}{3 - z^{-1} + z^{-2}}.$$
 (06 Marks)

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