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Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021

Engineering Mathematics – II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{3dy}{dx} + 2y = x e^{3x} + \cos 2x$. (07 Marks)
- b. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{2dy}{dx} + 10y = 0$, with $y(0) = 4$, $y'(0) = 1$. (06 Marks)
- c. Solve by the method of undetermined coefficients
 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{3dy}{dx} + 2y = x^2 + e^x$. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Solve $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + \frac{8d^2y}{dx^2} + 16y = 0$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve $(D + 2)(D - 1)^2y = e^{-2x} + 2 \sin x$ (07 Marks)
- c. Solve by the method of variation of parameters
 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{2dy}{dx} + 2y = e^x \tan x$. (07 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Solve $\frac{dx}{dt} - 2y = \cos 2t$; $\frac{dy}{dt} + 2x = \sin 2t$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve $x^3 \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 3x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{xy}{dx} + 8y = 65 \cos(\log x)$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve $x^2 p^2 + 3xyp + 2y^2 = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 4 a. Solve $y = 2px + \tan^{-1}(xp^2)$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve $(2x + 1)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2(2x + 1) \frac{dy}{dx} - 12y = 6x$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve $p = \sin(y - xp)$. (07 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary functions form
 $z = f(x + at) + g(x - at)$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve the equation $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \sin x \sin y$ given that $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -2 \sin y$. When $x = 0$ and $z = 0$ when
 y is odd multiple of $\frac{\pi}{2}$. (07 Marks)
- c. Evaluate $\iint_R xy dx dy$, where R is the region bounded by the x -axis, the ordinate $x = 2a$ and the
 parabola $x^2 = 4ay$, $a > 0$. (07 Marks)

- 6 a. Derive one dimensional heat equation. (06 Marks)
 b. By changing the order of integration, evaluate

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} y^2 dy dx . \quad (07 \text{ Marks})$$

- c. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{a \sin \theta} \int_0^{a^2-r^2} r dz dr d\theta$ (07 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Using double integration, find the area lying between the parabola $y = 4x - x^2$ and the line $y = x$. (06 Marks)

b. Prove that $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta \times \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} = \pi$. (07 Marks)

- c. Show that the vector field $F = (\cos \theta + \sin \theta)e_r + (\cos \theta - \sin \theta)e_\theta + e_z$, given in cylindrical polar coordinates, is solenoidal. (07 Marks)

- 8 a. Prove that $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$. (06 Marks)

- b. Find the curl of the vector field $f = (r^2 \cos \theta) e_r - \frac{1}{r} e_\theta + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} e_\phi$, given on spherical polar coordinates. Also determine $f \cdot \text{curl} f$. (07 Marks)

- c. Show that the vector field $f = (r^2 \sin 2\theta)e_r + (r^2 \cos 2\theta)e_\theta + \frac{1}{2} (r^2 \sin 2\theta) e_z$. (07 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Find the Laplace transform of $2^t + \frac{\cos 2t - \cos 3t}{t} + t \sin t$. (06 Marks)

- b. A Periodic function of period $2a$ is defined by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & \text{if } 0 \leq t \leq a \\ 2a - t, & \text{if } a < t \leq 2a \end{cases} \quad \text{Show that } L\{f(t)\} = \frac{1}{s^2} \tanh \left(\frac{as}{2} \right). \quad (07 \text{ Marks})$$

- c. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{2s^2 - 6s + 5}{s^3 - 6s^2 + 11s - 6}$. (07 Marks)

- 10 a. Express the function $f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t, & 0 < t \leq \pi \\ \sin t, & t > \pi \end{cases}$ in terms of unit step function and hence find its Laplace transform. (06 Marks)

- b. Using convolution Theorem. Evaluate $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)^2} \right\}$ (07 Marks)

- c. Solve $\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + \frac{5 dy}{dt} + 6y = 5e^{2t}$ given that $y(0) = 2$, $\frac{dy(0)}{dt} = 1$ by using Laplace transform method. (07 Marks)
