

CBCS SCHEME

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18MN33

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Mine Surveying - I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

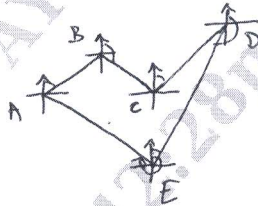
- 1 a. Define Surveying. What is the object of surveying? (10 Marks)
 b. Classify the surveying based on :
 i) Nature of field survey ii) Objectives (or) Purpose of survey. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the Reciprocal Ranging, with a neat sketch. (10 Marks)
 b. The length of a survey line was measured with a 20m chain and was found to be equal to 1200m. The length was again measured with a 25m chain and was found to be 1212m. On comparing the 20m chain with the test gauge, it was found to be 10cm too long. Find the actual length of 25m chain used. (10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. The following bearings were observed with a closed compass traverse.



| Line | Fore bearing |
|------|-----------------|
| AB | 60° 30 minutes |
| BC | 122° 0 minutes |
| CD | 46° 0 minutes |
| DE | 205° 30 minutes |
| EA | 300° 0 minutes |

- Calculate the Interior angles. (10 Marks)
 b. Define Local Attraction. Explain the detection and elimination of local attraction. (10 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain the method of repetition to measure horizontal angle between two points. (05 Marks)
 b. What are the Permanent adjustments of a theodolite? (05 Marks)
 c. Following are the latitudes and departures of lines AB, BC, CD, DE and EA found in a theodolite traverse.

| Line | Latitude | Departure |
|------|----------|-----------|
| AB | 62.967 | 63.335 |
| BC | 67.605 | 209.102 |
| CD | -143.671 | 47.051 |
| DE | -104.917 | -119.556 |
| EA | 118.578 | -199.709 |

Adjust the traverse using Bowditch's rule.

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-3

- 5 a. Define the following terms : Height of instrument (H.I) ; Back sight ; Fore sight ; Permanent bench mark. (05 Marks)
- b. The following consecutive readings were taken with a level and 4.0m staff on a continuously sloping ground at a common interval of 30m ; 0.780 , 1.535 , 1.955 , 2.430 , 2.985 , 3.480 , 1.155 , 1.960 , 2.365 , 3.640 , 0.935 , 1.045 , 1.630 and 2.545. The reduced level of the first point A was 180.750m. Calculate the reduced levels of the points by H.I method and Rise and Fall method. Also calculate the gradient of the line joining the first and the last points. (15 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. The reduced level of a factory floor is 100m and the staff reading on the floor is 1.40m. The staff reading when held inverted with the bottom touching the beam of the roof is 3.67m. Find the height of the beam above the floor. (05 Marks)
- b. Following is the page of a level field book. The readings in the level book were written with pencil and some of these got erased. The erased readings are marked with Question marks. Calculate the missing readings. Apply the checks.

| Station | B.S | I.S | F.S | Rise | Fall | H.I | R.L | Remark |
|---------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|--------|
| 1 | ? | | | | | | 150 | B.M |
| 2 | | 2.457 | | | 0.827 | | ? | |
| 3 | | 2.400 | | 0.057 | | | ? | |
| 4 | 2.697 | | ? | | ? | | 148.07 | C.P |
| 5 | ? | | 2.051 | 0.646 | | | 148.716 | C.P |
| 6 | | 2.500 | | 1.068 | | | 149.784 | |
| 7 | | 2.896 | | | ? | | 149.388 | |
| 8 | | ? | | | 0.124 | | ? | |
| 9 | | | 2.672 | 0.348 | | | 149.612 | |
| Check | Σ B.S = ? | | Σ F.S = ? | Σ Rise = ? | Σ Fall = ? | | | |

(15 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Define Contour and Contour Interval. (04 Marks)
- b. Explain the characteristics of Contour lines. (10 Marks)
- c. What are the methods of contouring? Explain any one. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain the Interpolation of Contours by Estimation , Arithmetic calculations and Graphical method. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the uses of Contours. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain the Intersection method of plane tabling with a neat sketch. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. The following perpendicular offsets were taken from a chain line to an irregular boundary :

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Chainage (m) | 0 | 30 | 60 | 90 | 120 | 150 | 180 | 210 |
| Off set length (m) | 0 | 2.65 | 3.80 | 3.75 | 4.65 | 3.60 | 5.00 | 5.80 |

Calculate the area between the chain line and the irregular boundary by

- i) Average ordinate rule ii) Mid ordinate rule iii) Trapezoidal rule
 iv) Simpson's rule. (12 Marks)
- b. Explain the area computed from Map measurements using a plain meter. (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. A road at the formation level is 6m wide and has a side slope of 2:1. The road is to have a constant R.L. of 200m. The ground is level across the centre line of the road. The following observations were made :

| | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Chainage (M) | 0 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |
| Surface level along centre line of road | 204.6 | 203.0 | 200.8 | 201.6 | 202.0 | 200.2 |

Estimate the volume of earthwork.

(10 Marks)

- b. The areas within the contour line at the site of reservoir and the pace of the proposed dam are as follows :

| Contour | Area (m ²) |
|---------|------------------------|
| 101 | 1000 |
| 102 | 12,800 |
| 103 | 95,200 |
| 104 | 147,600 |
| 105 | 872,500 |
| 106 | 1350,000 |
| 107 | 1985,000 |
| 108 | 2286,000 |
| 109 | 2512,000 |

Taking 101 as bottom level of reservoir and 109 as the top level, calculate the capacity of reservoir.

(10 Marks)
