## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept.2020 Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

TECH

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO full questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Obtain N-point DFT of an N-point sequence x(n).

i)  $x(n) = a^n u(n)$ 

ii)  $x(n) = \delta(n)$ 

(10 Marks)

b. Compute 4-point DFT of the sequence  $x(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1\}$ . Also plot |X(K)| and |X(K)|

(06 Marks) (04 Marks)

c. Derive relation between N-point DFT and Z-transform.

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2 a. State and prove periodicity and linearity properties of DFT.

(08 Marks)

- b. A long sequence x(n) is filtered through a filter with impulse response h(n) to yield the output y(n) if,  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 1, -1, -2, -3, 5, 6, -1, 2, 0, 2, 1\}$  and  $h(n) = \{3, 2, 1, 1\}$ . Compute y(n) using overlap add method. Allow block length as '7'. (12 Marks)
- 3 a. Tabulate the number of complex multiplications and complex additions required for direct computation of DFT and FFT algorithms for N = 8, 16, 32. (08 Marks)
  - b. Compute circular convolution using concentric circle method:

 $x_1(n) = \{-1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1\}$  $x_2(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$ 

(12 Marks)

- 4 a. Derive the radix-2 DIT, FFT algorithm for N = 8 and draw the signal flow graph. (08 Marks)
  - b. If  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 2, 1\}$ , compute DFT of x(n) using DIF-FFT algorithm. (12 Marks)

## PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the design of IIR filter by solution of differential equations. [Use equivalent difference equation]. (10 Marks)
  - b. Use impulse invariance method to design a digital filter from an analog prototype that has a system function  $H_a(s) = \frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2 + b^2}$ . (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the design of an FIR filter based on frequency sampling approach. (10 Marks)
  - b. Design a lowpass filter with a cut-off frequency  $\omega_c = \pi/4$ , a transition width  $\Delta \omega = 0.02\pi$  and a stopband ripple  $\delta_s = 0.01$ . Use Kaiser for your design. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. The system function of the analog filter is given as

$$H_a(s) = \frac{s + 0.1}{(s + 0.1)^2 + 9}$$

Obtain the system function of the IIR digital filter by using impulse invariance method.

(12 Marks)

b. The system function of the first order lowpass butter worth filter is given as:

$$H_a(s) = \frac{\Omega_c}{s + \Omega_c}$$

Here  $\Omega_c$  is the 3-dB cutoff frequency of the analog filter. Apply bilinear transformation to this filter such that the digital filter will have 3-dB frequency of  $0.2\pi$ . (08 Marks)

- 8 a. Explain the cascade form realization of FIR filters.
  - b. Explain the cascade form realization of IIR filters.

(10 Marks) (10 Marks)

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