

3 hrs.

CBCS SCHEME

15EE32

hird Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept.2020 **Electric Circuit Analysis**

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

a. Reduce the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(a) to a voltage source in series with a resistance between the terminals AB.

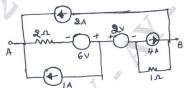


Fig.Q1(a)

(06 Marks)

b. Find the single delta equivalent circuit of the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(b).

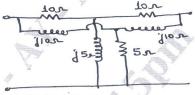
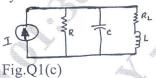


Fig.Q1(b)

(07 Marks)

c. In Fig.Q1(c), $R = R_L = 1 \Omega$, L = 1H and C = 0.5F. Find the resonance frequency and the admittance at the resonant frequency.



(03 Marks)

OR

a. In the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(a), find I₀ using mesh analysis method.

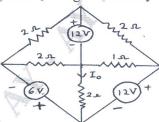


Fig.Q2(a)

(06 Marks)

b. Using Node-analysis method, find the current through 12 Ω resistor in the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(b).

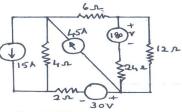
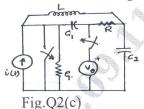


Fig.Q2(b) 1 of 4

(06 Marks)

c. Construct the dual network for the network shown in Fig.Q2(c).



(04 Marks)

Module-2

a. Using superposition theorem find the current I in the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(a).

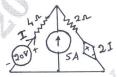


Fig.Q3(a)

(05 Marks)

b. State and verify the reciprocity theorem for the network shown in Fig.Q3(b).

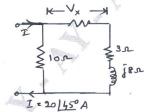


Fig.Q3(b)

(05 Marks)

c. In the network shown in Fig.Q3(c), find the current I using Thevenin's theorem.

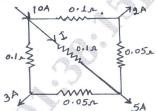


Fig.Q3(c)

(06 Marks)

OR

4 a. Find the Norton's equivalent of the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(a).

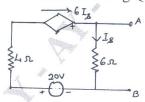


Fig.Q4(a)

(04 Marks)

b. In the network shown in Fig.Q4(b), find Z_L so that it makes maximum power and determine the maximum power.

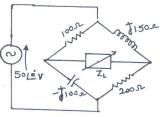


Fig.Q4(b)

(08 Marks)

c. State and prove Millman's theorem.

(04 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. For the network shown in Fig.Q5(a), find the values of nodal voltages, their first and second derivatives at $t = 0_+$. For t < 0, all switches are closed. At t = 0, they are opened $I_{a(0-)} = 1$ A, $V_{2(0-)} = 0$ V.

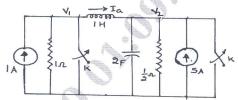


Fig.Q5(a)

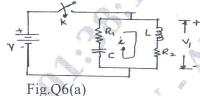
(10 Marks)

b. In the network shown in Fig.Q5(b), switch k is closed at t=0 with zero current in the inductor. Find i(t), $\frac{d}{dt}i(t)$ at $t=0_+$ and obtain an expression for i(t) at $t\geq 0$ by classical method.



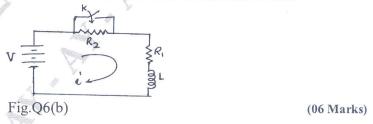
OR

6 a. The switch k in the network of the Fig.Q6(a) is closed at t=0, connecting the battery to an unenergized network. Determine i, V_1 , $\frac{d}{dt}i$, $\frac{d^2}{dt^2}i_1$ and $\frac{d}{dt}V_1$ at t=0.



(10 Marks)

b. In the network shown in Fig.Q6(b), the switch k is closed at t = 0 a steady-state having previously been attained. Solve for the current in the circuit as a function of time.

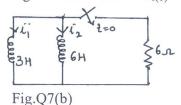


Module-4

7 a. State and prove Initial and Final value theorem.

(05 Marks)

b. At t = 0 the switch is closed. Using Laplace transform determine $i_1(t)$ and $i_2(t)$ shown in Fig.Q7(b). The initial currents through the inductors are $i_{1(0)} = 1A$ and $i_{2(0)} = 2A$.



(08 Marks)

c. State and prove Shifting theorem.

(03 Marks)

OR

Find the Transform of voltage V(t) of waveform shown in Fig.Q8(a).

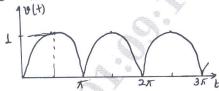


Fig.Q8(a)

(10 Marks)

b. Find the initial and final values of i(t) using initial and final value theorems:

(i)
$$I(s) = \frac{(s^2 + 5)}{(s^3 + 2s^2 + 4s)}$$

(ii)
$$I(s) = \frac{8(s^2 + 2s + 1)}{(s+2)(s^2 + 4)}$$

(06 Marks)

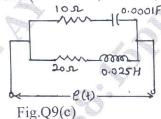
Module-5

A star-connected unbalanced system of impedance of 20Ω , $(16+j12)\Omega$ and $(16-j12)\Omega$ in the phases R, Y and B is being supplied by a 400V balanced, 3¢ generator with phase sequence RYB. Determine the line currents, current in the neutral line and the power supplied to the load, when the neutrals are connected. (06 Marks)

b. Define Transmission parameters.

(04 Marks)

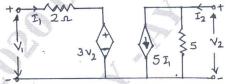
Determine the expression for current i(t) in the circuit shown in Fig.Q9(c), when the applied voltage is given by $e(t) = 10 + 100\sin(100t + 30^\circ) + 50\sin(300t + 60^\circ) + 20\cos(500t + 30^\circ)V$



(06 Marks)

OR

Find the transmission parameters for the circuit shown in Fig.Q10(a).



(08 Marks)

Fig.Q10(a) Determine $G_{21}(s)$ and $Y_{12}(s)$ for the network shown in Fig.Q10(b).

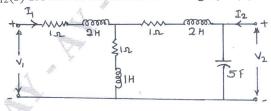


Fig.Q10(b)

(08 Marks)