## 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

## ourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 **Power Electronics**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part

PART - A

Explain power converter with block diagram.

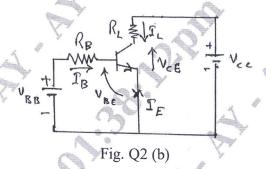
(10 Marks)

- What are the applications of power electronics listout. Explain in detail SMPS (Switch Mode Power Supply). (10 Marks)
- Describe Turn on and Turn off characteristics of I.G.B.T.

(10 Marks)

The Beta ( $\beta$ ) of bipolar transistor varies from 15 to 65. The load resistance R<sub>L</sub> = 10  $\Omega$ . DC supply voltage  $V_{cc} = 120$  V. The input voltage to the base circuit is  $V_{BB} = 8$  V. If  $V_{CE(sat)} = 1.5V$  and  $V_{BE(sat)} = 1.75V$ . Calculate (i) The value of  $R_B$  will result in saturation with an over drive factor of 10. (ii) The forced  $\beta$  and (iii) Power loss ( $P_T$ ) in the transistor. [Ref. Fig. Q2 (b)].

(10 Marks)



- With neat sketch, explain two transistor model of an SCR and therefrom, obtain the 3 condition for turn-on and turn-off of the device. (10 Marks)
  - Explain the working principle of (i) R-firing circuit and (ii) R-C firing circuit. (10 Marks)
- a. Define "Commutation". What are the methods of commutation? Explain complementary commutation. (10 Marks)
  - In self commutation circuit shown in Fig. Q4 (b).  $I_m = 12$  A and input voltage is V = 120 V. The commutation time of the circuit is 60 µS. The peak capacity current is twice the initial current, find the value of 'L' and 'C'. Assume that the capacitor is initially uncharged.

(10 Marks)

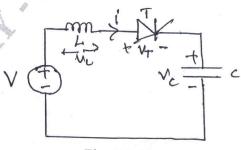


Fig. Q4 (b) 1 of 2

PART - B

- 5 a. Derive an expression for, (i) Average load voltage (ii) Average load current (iii) RMS load voltage for single phase half wave controlled converter with RL load. (10 Marks)
  - b. 3 phase fully controlled converter charges a battery from a 3 phase supply of 230 V, 50 Hz. The bettery EMF is 200 V and its interval resistance is 0.5 Ω. On account of inductance connected in series with the battery charging current is constant at 20 A. Calculate (i) Firing angle (ii) Supply power factor.
- 6 a. Explain working principles of step-up chopper. What are the different control strategies employed in chopper. (10 Marks)
  - b. A simple dc chopper is operating at a frequency of 2 kHz from a 96 V<sub>dc</sub> source to supply a load resistance of 8 Ω load time constant is 6 ms. If the average load voltage is 57.6 V. Find T<sub>on</sub> period of the chopper, the average load current. The magnitude of the ripple current and its RMS value.
- 7 a. With necessary wave forms explain the working of a single phase bridge inverter. (10 Marks)
  - b. With circuit diagram and wave form, explain working principle of single phase current source inverter.

    (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain with circuit diagram and wave form working of a single phase AC voltage controller with R-load.
  - b. A single phase full wave AC voltage controller operating from 230 V, 50 Hz AC supply controls. The power flow in a purly resistive load R that varies from 12 Ω to 23 Ω. If the maximum output power required is 2.3 kW. Determine the maximum values of RMS SCR current.