BANGALOP

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 **Additional Mathematics - II**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ by elementary row operations. (08 Marks)

Test for consistency and solve x + y + z = 6, x - y + 2z = 5, 3x + y + z = 8. (06 Marks)

c. Solve the system of equations by Gauss elimination method: x - 2y + 3z = 8x + y + z = 9

2x + y - z = 3(06 Marks)

Find all the eigen values and the corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix

(08 Marks)

 $x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$, $3x_1 - x_2 + 4x_3 = 4$, (06 Marks) b. Solve by Gauss elimination method $2x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = 5.$

c. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ find A^{-1} by Cayley Hamilton theorem. (06 Marks)

a. Solve $\frac{d^3y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} - 8y = 0$. (08 Marks)

b. Solve $6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 17\frac{dy}{dx} + 12y = e^{-x}$. (06 Marks)

c. Solve $y'' - 4y' + 13y = \cos 2x$. (06 Marks)

4 a. Solve $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$. (08 Marks)

b. Solve $y'' + 2y + y = \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2}} + e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{2}$. (06 Marks)

c. Solve $y'' + 2y' + y = 2x + x^2$. (06 Marks)

Module-3

a. Find L[cosh at].

(08 Marks)

Find $L[e^{-2t} \sinh 4t]$

(06 Marks)

Find R{tsin 2t}.

(06 Marks)

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

OR

- 6 a. Show that $\int_{0}^{\infty} t^{3} e^{-st} \sin t dt = 0.$ (08 Marks)
 - b. If $f(t) = t^2$, 0 < t < 2 and f(t + 2) = f(t) for t > 2, find L[f(t)]. (06 Marks)
 - c. Express $f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < 4 \\ 5, & t > 4 \end{cases}$ in terms of unit step function and hence find their Laplace (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Find the inverse Laplace Transform of $\frac{3}{s^2} + \frac{2e^{-s}}{s^3} \frac{3e^{-2s}}{s}$. (08 Marks)
 - b. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s^3 + 6s^2 + 12s + 8}{s^6} \right]$. (06 Marks)
 - c. Find the inverse Laplace Transform of $\frac{s+5}{s^2-6s+13}$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Solve by using Laplace Transform $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + k^2y = 0$, given that y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0. (08 Marks
 - b. Find inverse Laplace Transform of $\frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$. (06 Marks)
 - c. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+1}{s^2 + 6s + 9} \right]$. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Find the probability that a leap year selected at random will contain 53 Sundays. (08 Marks)
 - b. A six faced die on which the numbers 1 to 6 are marked is thrown. Find the probability of (i) 3 (ii) an odd number coming up. (06 Marks)
 - c. State and prove Bayee's theorem. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. A problem is given to three students A, B, C whose chances of solving it are $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ respectively. Find the probability that the problem is solved. (08 Marks)
 - b. For any three events A, B, C, prove that $P\{(A \cup B)/C\} = P(A/C) + P(B/C) P\{(A \cap B)/C\}$. (06 Marks)
 - c. Three machines A, B and C produce respectively 60%, 30% and 10% of the total number of items of a factory. The percentages of defective output of these machines are respectively 2%, 3% and 4%. An item is selected at random and is found defective. Find the probability that the item was produced by machine C. (06 Marks)