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Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019
Field Theory

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. State and explain Coulomb's law. (06 Marks)
- b. State Gauss' law. Obtain an expression for electric field intensity 'E' due an infinite sheet of charge using Gauss' law. (08 Marks)
- c. Given that $\vec{D} = 2xy\hat{x} + x^2\hat{y}$ c/m². Evaluate both sides of divergence theorem for the surface defined by $0 \leq x \leq 1; 0 \leq y \leq 2; 0 \leq z \leq 3$. (06 Marks)
- 2 a. Show that electric field intensity 'E' as the negative gradient of potential (V). (06 Marks)
- b. Obtain continuity equation, derive its point form. (06 Marks)
- c. A point charge of 1.6 nC is located at the origin in free space. Find the potential at $r = 0.7$ m if (i) the zero reference is at infinity (ii) the zero reference is at $r = 0.5$ m. (08 Marks)
- 3 a. Derive Laplace and Poisson's equations and write down the equations in all coordinate systems. (06 Marks)
- b. Using Laplace equation, determine the distribution of potential and electric field intensity between two spherical conductors separated by a dielectric. The inner conductor is having a potential of V_0 while the outer conductor is grounded. (07 Marks)
- c. Let $V = \frac{\cos 2\phi}{\rho}$ in free space, find the volume charge density at point A ($\rho = 0.5, \phi = 60^\circ, z = 1$). (07 Marks)
- 4 a. State and prove Stoke's theorem. (06 Marks)
- b. Given that $\vec{B} = 2.5 \sin\left[\frac{\pi x}{z}\right] e^{-2y} \hat{a}_z$ Wb/m². Find the total flux (magnetic) crossing a strip $z = 0, y \geq 0, 0 \leq x \leq 2$ m. (07 Marks)
- c. Write a note on scalar and vector magnetic potentials. (07 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Derive an expression for the force on a differential current element placed in a magnetic field. (06 Marks)
- b. State and prove the boundary conditions at the interface between two magnetic media of different permeabilities placed in a magnetic field. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the magnetic field intensity at point P for the given piece of conductor. [Refer Fig.Q5(c)]

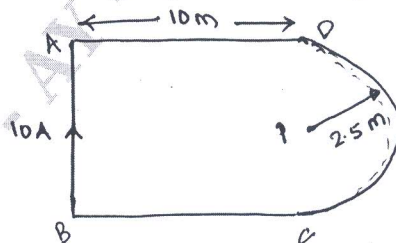


Fig.Q5(c)

(07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. Differentiate between motional emf and transformer induced emf. (06 Marks)
 b. Write a note on retarded potential. (06 Marks)
 c. Determine the value of K such that the followings pairs of fields satisfy Maxwell's equation where $\sigma = 0$, $\rho_v = 0$.
- $$\vec{E} = (Kx - 100t)a\hat{y} \text{ V/m} \quad \vec{H} = (x + 20t)a\hat{z} \text{ A/m}$$
- $$\mu = 0.25 \text{ H/m} \quad \epsilon = 0.01 \text{ F/m} \quad (08 \text{ Marks})$$
- 7 a. State and explain Poynting's theorem. Explain each term in Poynting equation. (08 Marks)
 b. Explain propagation of wave in good dielectric medium. (07 Marks)
 c. A 400 MHz uniform plane wave travelling in water for which $\sigma = 0$; $\mu_r = 1$ and $\epsilon_r = 80$. Calculate:
 i) Attenuation constant
 ii) Phase constant
 iii) Wave length
 iv) Intrinsic impedance (05 Marks)
- 8 a. What is standing wave? Define SWR. What is its relation with reflection coefficient? (06 Marks)
 b. Find the value of standing wave ratio when reflection coefficient is $\pm 1/2$. (06 Marks)
 c. A 1 MHz uniform plane wave with a power density of 1.28 MW/m^2 is normally incident on to fresh water lake having $\epsilon_r = 78$, $\mu_r = 1$. Determine the fraction of the incident power that is: (i) Reflected (ii) Transmitted (08 Marks)
