18ELN14/24

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 **Basic Electronics**

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- What is semiconductor diode? Explain the different equivalent circuits of diode. 1 (06 Marks) Explain the working of photodiode. b.
 - (05 Marks) With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of full wave bridge rectifier. Also derive V_{dc} and V_{rms} values for full wave rectifier.

- A full wave rectifier uses 2 diodes having internal resistance of 20Ω each. The transformer 2 rms secondary voltage from centre to each end is 50V. Find I_{m} , I_{dc} , I_{rms} and V_{dc} if the load is (06 Marks)
 - Explain the functional block diagram of 78×× series voltage regulator. (06 Marks)
 - Explain how Zener diode can be used as a voltage regulator. Give detail mathematical analysis.

Module-2

- With a neat circuit diagram explain the working of CMOS inverter. 3 (06 Marks)
 - For a N-channel JFFT if $I_{DSS} = 8mA$ and $V_p = -5V$, calculate I_D at $V_{as} = -3V$ and V_{as} at (05 Marks)
 - Explain the construction, working and characteristics of N- channel JFET. (09 Marks)

OR

Explain the working of SCR using two transistor model.

(06 Marks)

What is commutation in SCR? Explain two types of commutation. b.

(05 Marks)

Explain the construction, working and characteristics of enhancement type MOSFET.

(09 Marks)

Module-3

What is Op – AMP? List the characteristics of ideal Op – Amp.

(06 Marks)

Explain how Op – Amp can be used as i) Integrator ii) Voltage Follower.

(08 Marks)

Find the output of the Op – Amp circuit shown in Fig Q5(c) below

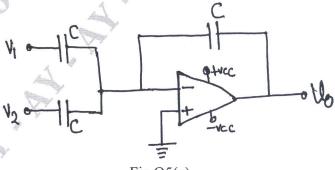


Fig Q5(c)

(06 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

OR

- 6 a. Explain the following terms with respect to Op Amp
 i) CMRR ii) Slew Rate iii) Output offset voltage iv) Supply voltage Rejection Ratio.
 (08 Marks)
 - b. Design on Op Amp circuit to obtain output expression as $V_0 = -[V_1 + 3V_2 + 5V_3]$.

(06 Marks)

c. Explain how Op – Amp can be used as differentiator.

(06 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. What is feedback amplifier? What are the properties of negative feedback amplifier?

(06 Marks)

b. Explain how transistor can be used as an amplifier.

(06 Marks)

c. With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of 555 timers as an oscillator. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Draw the block diagram of voltage series negative feedback amplifier and derive the expression for its voltage gain. (06 Marks)
 - b. Design a RC phase shift oscillator for a frequency of 1KHz. Draw the circuit diagram with designed values. (06 Marks)
 - c. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the working of Wein Bridge oscillator. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Perform the following:
 - i) Convert $(925.75)_{10}$ to base -2 and base -16
 - ii) Subtract from (11011.11)₂ from (10101.11)₂ using 2's compliment method. (06 Marks)
 - b. With a block diagram explain the working of 3-bit asynchronous counter.

(06 Marks)

c. What is multiplexer? Implement 8:1 multiplexer using basic gates.

(08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Simplify $S = A \oplus B \oplus C$ and realize using basic gates. (05 Marks)
 - b. What is flip-flop? Explain the operation of master slave JK flip flop. (06 Marks)
 - c. Implement full adder using two half adders. (04 Marks)
 - d. With a block diagram, explain the working of basic communication system. (05 Marks)

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