



CBCS SCHEME

17AE36

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Measurement and Metrology

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Define standard. List and explain subdivision of standards. (06 Marks)
- b. Describe with a neat sketch. Imperial standard yard. (07 Marks)
- c. Explain the wavelength standard. List the advantages of using wavelength standard. (07 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the wringing phenomena of slip gauges and breaking of a stack of slip gauges. (08 Marks)
- b. Four length bars A, B, C, D of approximately 250mm each are to be calibrated with standard calibrated metre bar which is actually 0.0008mm less than a metre. It is also found that, bar B is 0.0002mm longer than bar A, bar C is 0.0004mm longer than bar A and bar D is 0.0001mm shorter than bar A. The length of all four bars put together is 0.0003mm longer than the calibrated standard metre. Determine the actual dimensions of each bar. (08 Marks)
- c. List the slips to be wrung together to produce an overall dimension of 92.357mm using two protection slips of 2.500mm size. Show the slip gauges combination. (04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Explain interchangeability and selective assembly with suitable examples. (08 Marks)
- b. Discuss positional tolerances. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain hole basis system and shaft basis system. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Determine the dimensions of the shaft and hole for a fit 30 H₈d₁₀ and sketch the fit, given: diameter 30 falls in the diameter range 18-30, upper deviation for "d" shaft is $-16D^{0.44}$, $i = 0.45 D^{1/3} + 0.001D$. Tolerance for IT8 = 25i. Tolerance for IT10 = 64i. (06 Marks)
- b. Sketch and explain ring and snap gauges. (08 Marks)
- c. What are the essential considerations in selection of materials for gauges? What are the common materials used for gauges? (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. With a neat sketch, explain the working and principle of Johnson Mikrokator. (08 Marks)
- b. List the advantages and disadvantages of optical comparators. (04 Marks)
- c. Explain with a sketch, the working of a 'Solex pneumatic comparators'. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Explain the principle and working of optical bevel protractors with a neat sketch. (06 Marks)
- b. Select the sizes of angle gauges to obtain the angle 57°34'9". (04 Marks)
- c. Describe the 3-wire method of measuring effective diameter of threads. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. What is measurement? What is the significance of measurement system? (06 Marks)
b. Explain with sketches Hysteresis, sensitivity and repeatability. (09 Marks)
c. Explain loading effect with respect to a measuring instrument. (05 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Define transfer efficiency of a transducer. Explain with an example primary and secondary transducers. (08 Marks)
b. Explain with sketch the construction and working of an electronic transducer element. (08 Marks)
c. List the advantages of electrical transducer elements. (04 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain hydraulic dynamometer with a neat sketch. (10 Marks)
b. Explain with a neat sketch Pirani gauge. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. State and explain the laws of thermocouple. (10 Marks)
b. Describe the construction and working of optical pyrometer with sketch. (10 Marks)
