# CBCS Scheme

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USN							15MAT41

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 **Engineering Mathematics - IV**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module. 2. Use of statistical tables is permitted.

- Use Taylor's series method to find y at x = 1.1, considering terms upto third degree given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$  and y(1) = 0.
  - b. Using Runge-Kutta method, find y(0.2) for the equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$ ; y(0) = 1, taking h = 0.2(05 Marks)
  - c. Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 y$ , y(0) = 1 and the values y(0.1) = 0.90516, y(0.2) = 0.82127y(0.3) = 0.74918, evaluate y(0.4), using Adams-Bashforth method. (06 Marks)

a. Using Euler's modified method, find y(0.1) given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y^2$ , y(0) = 1, taking h = 0.1.

(05 Marks)

- b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$ ; y(1) = 2, find the approximate solution at x = 12, using Runge-Kutta (05 Marks)
- c. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x y^2$  with the following data y(0) = 0, y(0.2) = 0.02, y(0.4) = 0.0795, y(0.6) = 0.1762, compute y at x = 0.8, using Milne's method. (06 Marks)

- Using Runge-Kutta method of order four, solve y'' = y + xy', y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0 to find
  - b. Express the polynomial  $2x^3 x^2 3x + 2$  in terms of Legendre polynomials. (05 Marks)
  - c. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are two distinct roots of  $J_n(x)$  = 0 then prove that  $\int x \, J_n(\alpha x) J_n(\beta x) dx = 0$  , if  $\alpha \neq \beta$ . (06 Marks)

a. Given y'' = 1 + y'; y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, compute y(0.4) for the following data, using Milne's predictor-corrector method.

y(0.1) = 1.1103 y(0.2) = 1.2427y(0.3) = 1.399y'(0.3) = 1.699. y'(0.1) = 1.2103y'(0.2) = 1.4427

- b. Prove that  $Y_{1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \sin x$ . (05 Marks)
- c. Derive Rodrigue's formula  $P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} [(x^2 1)^n].$ (06 Marks)

## Module-3

Derive Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar form.

(05 Marks)

Evaluate  $\oint_C \frac{\sin \pi z^2 + \cos \pi z^2}{(z-1)^2(z-2)} dz$  where C is the circle |z| = 3, using Cauchy's residue theorem.

Find the bilinear transformation which maps  $\infty = \infty$ , i, 0 on to w = 0, i,  $\infty$ .

(06 Marks)

State and prove Cauchy's integral formula. 6

(05 Marks)

- $\frac{\sin 2x}{\cosh 2y + \cos 2x}$ , find the corresponding analytic function f(z) = u + iv. (05 Marks)
- Discuss the transformation  $w = z^2$ .

(06 Marks)

### Module-4

Derive mean and standard deviation of the binomial distribution.

(05 Marks)

- b. If the probability that an individual will suffer a bad reaction from an injection of a given serum is 0.001, determine the probability that out of 2000 individual (i) exactly 3 (ii) more than 2 individuals will suffer a bad reaction. (05 Marks)
- The joint probability distribution for two random variables X and Y is as follows:

Y	-3	-2	4
X			
1	0.1	0.2	0.2
3	0.3	0.1	0.1

Determine: i) Marginal distribution of X and Y

ii) Covariance of X and Y

iii) Correlation of X and Y

(06 Marks)

a. Derive mean and standard deviation of exponential distribution.

(05 Marks)

- In an examination 7% of students score less than 35% marks and 89% of students score less than 60% marks. Find the mean and standard deviation if the marks are normally distributed. Given P(0 < z < 1.2263) = 0.39 and P(0 < z < 1.14757) = 0.43(05 Marks)
- The joint probability distribution of two random variables X and Y is as follows:

YX	-4	2	7
1	1/8	1/4	1/8
5	1/4	1/8	1/8

Compute: i) E(X) and E(Y) ii) E(XY)

iii) COV(X, Y) iv)  $\rho(X, Y)$ 

(06 Marks)

#### Module-5

Explain the terms: i) Null hypothesis (ii) Type I and Type II errors.

- The nine items of a sample have the values 45, 47, 50, 52, 48, 47, 49, 53, 51. Does the mean of these differ significantly from the assumed mean of 47.5? (05 Marks)
- Given the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  then show that A is a regular stochastic matrix. (06 Marks)

- A die was thrown 9000 times and of these 3220 yielded a 3 or 4, can the die be regarded as 10 unbiased? (05 Marks)
  - b. Explain: 1) Transient state ii) Absorbing state iii) Recurrent state
  - c. A student's study habits are as follows. If he studies one night, he is 70% sure not to study the next night. On the other hand, if he does not study one night, he is 60% sure not to study the next night. In the long run, how often does he study? (06 Marks)