USN 14ME	MBA12
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First Semester MBA Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 **Economics for Managers**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

SECTION - A

Note: Answer any FOUR questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7.

1 Differentiate between a Firm and an Industry.

(03 Marks)

2 What are Giffen Goods?

(03 Marks)

3 What is Isoquant? Depict graphically.

(03 Marks)

4 What is Break Even Analysis?

(03 Marks)

5 What are various types of Elasticities of demand?

(03 Marks)

6 What do you mean by Price discrimination?

(03 Marks)

7 Distinguish between Fixed cost and Variable cost.

(03 Marks)

SECTION - B

Note: Answer any FOUR questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7.

1 Explain Economics and Diseconomics of scale.

- (07 Marks)
- What is Break Even Point? What are the practical application of Break Even Analysis?
 (07 Marks)
- 3 Explain the features of Monopoly.

- (07 Marks)
- 4 Explain the relationship between Marginal cost and Average cost.
- (07 Marks)

5 Explain the various determinants of demand.

- (07 Marks)
- 6 Explain the role and functions of comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG).

(07 Marks)

7 Calculate the Average fixed cost, Average Variable cost, Average total cost and Marginal cost per unit from the following data: (07 Marks)

Unit of output	0	6	16	29	44	55	60
Total fixed cost	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Total variable cost	0	50	100	150	200	250	300

SECTION - C

Note: Answer any FOUR questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7.

1 What is Oligopoly? Brief out the main features of oligopoly market.

(10 Marks)

2 Discuss the nature and scope of economics.

(10 Marks)

- 3 Define National Income. What are the problems faced in measuring National Income? Explain. (10 Marks)
- 4 Explain the phases of Business cycle in detail.

(10 Marks)

5 What are the Impact of Globalization on Indian Economy?

(10 Marks)

6 The studies have fixed the short run price elasticity of demand for petrol at a petrol pump at -0.20. Suppose that because of International conflicts, there is a sudden cut off crude oil supplies. As a result, Indian suppliers of petrol drop by 10%.

i) If the petrol was selling for Rs 24/litre before the cutoff, how much of a price increase would you expect to see in coming month.

ii) Suppose the Government of India imposes a price limitation on petrol at Rs 24/litre. How would the relationship between consumer and petrol pump owner change?

(10 Marks)

Suppose Mr. Gangadhar is the Manager of watch making firm operating in a competitive market. The cost of production of his firm is given by $TC = 10,000 + Q^2$. When is the level of output and TC is the total cost. The Marginal cost of production is 2Q. The fixed cost of production is Rs 10,000.

i) If the price of watch is Rs 600, how many watches should Mr. Gangadhar produce to maximize profit?

ii) What will be the profit level?

iii) At what minimum price will the firm produce a positive output?

(10 Marks)

SECTION - D CASE STUDY - [Compulsory]

A book publishing company has a total fixed cost incurred on typesetting, proof reading etc, incurred is Rs 50,000/- and variable cost incurred per copy on printing paper, binding, author's royalty per book seller's commission is equal to Rs 15/copy. Suppose he fixes Rs 40 as price per copy of the book.

i) What is the break even number of copies of the book printed and sold? (05 Marks)

ii) If price is fixed as Rs 55/- copy, what is New BE sales. (05 Marks)

iii) If publisher has a profit objective and making Rs 10,000 on the sales of book at the price Rs 55. How many copies has to be sold? (10 Marks)
