

CBCS Scheme

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15CPH18/28

First/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, June/July 2018

Constitution of India, Professional Ethics & Human Rights

(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 40

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Answer all the forty questions, each question carries **ONE** mark.
2. Use only **Black ball point pen** for writing / darkening the circles.
3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
5. **Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners** on the **OMR** sheets are strictly prohibited.

1. The famous Dandi March done by Gandhiji was against
a) British Rule b) Salt Tax c) Sati system d) Untouchability
2. The name of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar is associated with which of the following?
a) Chairman-Drafting committee b) Chairman Constituent Assembly
c) Lahore session d) Indian National Congress
3. The beginning word "WE" in the preamble refers to the
a) British rulers b) Members of Constituent Assembly
c) Citizens of India d) All of these
4. In our constitution, what justice is not given to the citizens?
a) Social b) Economic c) Political d) Technical
5. India borrowed the idea of incorporating fundamental rights in the constitution from
a) USA b) France c) China d) Great Britain
6. Which of the following is not a fundamental right? (Right to)
a) Assemble peacefully b) Move freely
c) Property d) Constitutional Remedies

7. This is not a Writ.
a) Habeas Corpus b) Mandamus c) Certiorari d) Prevention
8. Conflict of interest may be
a) false b) potential c) created d) imaginary
9. The directive principles of state policy are _____ rights.
a) social b) political c) constitutional d) legal
10. Which part of the constitution aims at establishing a welfare state in the country?
a) Preamble b) Fundamental rights
c) Fundamental duties d) directive principles
11. Respecting our National Flag is a
a) fundamental right b) directive principles
c) fundamental duty d) none of these
12. The obligation of the parents/guardian to provide opportunities for the education to their children between 6 to 14 years of age is
a) fundamental duty b) fundamental right
c) directive principle d) none of these
13. Which of the following is considered as the 'Fourth Estate'?
a) Assembly b) Press c) Council d) Parliament
14. The President of India is
a) selected b) nominated c) appointed d) elected
15. The commander-in-chief of all the Armed Forces is the
a) President b) Vice President c) Prime Minister d) Field Marshall
16. Which Budget will be proposed first in the parliament house?
a) general budget b) financial c) railway d) vote of credit
17. Who acts as the channel of communication between the president and council of ministers?
a) Speaker of Lok Sabha b) Prime Minister
c) Deputy Prime Minister d) Senior-most minister
18. Who interprets the Indian Constitution?
a) President b) Parliament c) Founding fathers d) Supreme court
19. What is the minimum age in years for becoming the MLC and MLA in the state?
a) 30 and 25 b) 35 & 30 c) 40 & 35 d) 45 & 40
20. 'Bicameral' means 'presence of _____ in the state.
a) half house b) one house c) two houses d) no house

21. Salaries and other emoluments of the high court judges shall be determined by the
a) state legislative b) parliament c) governor d) chief minister
22. Constitution empowers state governments to make special law for
a) women and children b) workers working in mines
c) farmers d) unemployed youth
23. What is the minimum gap permissible between the two sessions of the legislature?
a) six weeks b) two months c) three months d) six months
24. Who is competent to declare the elections to the Lok Sabha?
a) Election Commissioner b) President
c) Prime Minister d) Union Cabinet
25. Election disputes shall be decided by
a) parliament b) supreme court c) election commission d) president
26. Regional Election commissioners may be appointed by the president with the consultation of
a) election commission b) governor
c) Prime Minister d) Vice President
27. Village Panchayats are the best examples for India's _____ form of Government.
a) republican b) sovereign c) secular d) democratic
28. In which one of the following states is it constitutionally obligatory for the state to have a separate minister for Tribal Welfare?
a) Bihar b) Madhya Pradesh c) Odisha d) all of these
29. _____ is empowered to declare an emergency.
a) Supreme court b) President
c) Prime minister d) Council of minister
30. This is not a ground to declare state emergency.
a) No clear majority
b) Failure to maintain law and order in state
c) Disobeying the direction given by the supreme court
d) Not complying with the direction given by the union government
31. 'Panchayati Raj' literally means that the governance by _____ individuals.
a) three b) four c) five d) six
32. Every year, Human Rights Day will be observed on
a) 10th September b) 10th October
c) 10th November d) 10th December

33. The slogan adopted for 50th Anniversary of Universal Declaration of Human Rights is
a) all human rights for all b) all rights for all
c) all fundamental rights for all d) none of these
34. The formula of a soft drink is an example of
a) patent b) trade secret c) copyright d) trade mark
35. This is not a kind of trade mark.
a) symbol b) sound c) design d) goodwill
36. Which of the following does not depict the attitude towards responsibility?
a) protest b) minimalist c) reasonable care d) good works
37. Tendency of shifting responsibility will logically come down if there is
a) microscopic vision b) fear
c) group thinking d) none of these
38. The owner of 'Patent right' retains his/her patent right for _____ years.
a) 100 b) 75 c) 50 d) 20
39. Which of the following is not preserved as an intellectual property?
a) copy right b) government regulation
c) patent d) trade secret
40. This is not the aim of studying engineering ethics.
a) crimping b) cooking c) forging d) plagiarism
