

# 2002 SCHEME

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CS33

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018

## Logic Design

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Define Boolean algebra. State and prove absorption law. (06 Marks)
- b. Describe the Shannon's reduction theorem. Simplify the following expression using Shannon's reduction theorem.  
 $f(w, x, y, z) = x + \overline{w}x(y + wx) + \overline{xy} + \overline{wz}$ . (06 Marks)
- c. Perform the following operations on the Boolean expression  
 $x\overline{y} + wx(\overline{y} + \overline{w}x) + wxz$
- i) Expand into the form  
 $(x + g_1(w, y, z))(x + g_2(x, y, z))$
- ii) Convert into the minterm canonical form. (08 Marks)
- 2 a. Simplify the following Boolean functions, using algebraic manipulation
- i)  $f(x, y, z) = \overline{x} \overline{y} \overline{z} + \overline{x} y + xyz$
- ii)  $f(w, x, y, z) = \overline{w} \overline{y} \overline{z} + wz + \overline{y} z + xyz$  (08 Marks)
- b. Realize the following function, using (no simplification)
- i) NAND gates only
- ii) NOR gates only  
 $f(x, y, z) = x \overline{z} + x \overline{y} z + x + y$ . (08 Marks)
- c. Show the steps in the graphical procedure for the realization of Boolean function, using NAND gates only. (04 Marks)
- 3 a. Define the prime implicate and the irredundant conjunctive normal form. (04 Marks)
- b. Using K-map obtain the minimal sum of products for the following Boolean function show the essential prime implicants on the map  
 $f(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(0, 2, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12) + dc(3, 15)$ . (08 Marks)
- c. Draw the K-map and simplify the following expression using z as the map-entered variable and x and y as map variables.  
 $f(x, y, z) = x\overline{y} + x\overline{y}\overline{z} + x\overline{y}z$ . (08 Marks)
- 4 a. Explain the operation of a two input TTL NAND-gate with totem-pole with a neat circuit diagram. (08 Marks)
- b. Discuss how a resistor can be constructed using MOSFET. (06 Marks)
- c. With the help of a circuit diagram, explain the operation of a two input NMOS nor gate. (06 Marks)
- 5 a. Explain a 4-bit parallel adder with carry lookahead scheme. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain how the binary number A and B can be compared using a 1-bit comparator network. (10 Marks)

- 6 a. A combinational network is defined by the following three Boolean functions:
- $$f_1(x, y, z) = \bar{x}\bar{y} + x\bar{y}z$$
- $$f_2(x, y, z) = \bar{x} + y$$
- $$f_3(x, y, z) = xy + \bar{x}\bar{y}$$
- Design the network using a decoder and external gates. (06 Marks)
- b. Implement the following Boolean function using a 8-to-1 multiplexer:  
 $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 15)$  (06 Marks)
- c. Explain the different types of flipflops along with their truth table. Also explain the race-around condition in a flipflop. (08 Marks)
- 7 a. Design a synchronous Mod-6 counter, using clocked JK flip-flops. (10 Marks)
- b. Obtain a minimal state table for a clocked synchronous sequential network having a single input line x, in which the symbols 0 and 1 are applied and a single output line z. An output of 1 is to be produced coincident with each third multiple of the input symbol 1. At all other times, the network is to produce 0 outputs. An example of input/output sequences that satisfy the conditions of the network specifications is
- $$x = 01101011110001110$$
- $$y = 00001000100000100$$
- (10 Marks)
- 8 Write explanatory notes on :
- Algorithm for generating prime implicants using Quine-McCluskey method.
  - High speed addition using Carry look ahead adders.
  - Serial-in, serial-out & parallel-in, serial-out Shift registers.
  - Binary ripple counter.
- (20 Marks)

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